Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1869. NUMBER 37

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

THE CAPITAL.

A State Can Exact Taxes in Gold and Silver—Mississippi Restoration—Nominations by the President—San Domingo Annexation—Mrs. Surratt's Remains to be Disinterred.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 8, 1869.

SUPREME COURT DECISION.

In the Supreme Court of the United States to-day Chief Justice Chase delivered an opinion affirming the decision of the Supreme Court of Oregon in favor of the taxes of that State being paid in gold and silver, according to its law. The Court held that legal tender notes, being receivable for all debts, with the exceptions named in statutes, imply a satisfaction of contracts or agreements, while taxes are of a different character with such obligations, and that it is competent for a State to designate the character of the money in which taxes shall be paid.

The following decisions were also given:

No. 31. Greene vs. Van Buskirk. Judgment reversed.

No. 32. Gilliughurst vs. Van Buskirk. Judgment reversed. The decision in this case is that where a chattel mortgage on personal property in Illinois is invalid under the laws of that State, and so held by its Courts, such judgment is a sufficient plea in the bar of a suit of another State to recover against an attaching creditor on whose suit the property is sold, and it makes no difference that the owner of the property mortgaged, the attaching creditor and the mortgagee were all residents of the State where the latter suit is brought and were at date of the mortgage.

No. 319. Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company vs. Howard et al. Decree affirmed; opinion by Justice Clifford.

MISSISSIPPI RESTORATION.

Hon. E. Jefferds, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Mississippi, presented to-day an address to the Reconstruction Committee on behalf of himself and others, claiming to represent a large and influential part of the Republican party who opposed the adoption of the Constitution voted down in June last. The address is in the nature of a protest, and is a discussion of the condition of affairs in the State. He proposes a plan for restoration as follows: First, that Congress shall declare all the offices in the State vacant; second, provide for the appointment of a Provisional Governor, with power to fill all the offices thus declared vacant, and with power to remove all of his own appointees; third, provide that the proposed Constitution shall be so modified or amended as to remove those features that are more prescriptive than is required by the reconstruction laws of Congress; fourth, provide for an election at the time designated by the proposed Constitution for holding the annual election for the ratification of the Constitution as amended, and for the election of State, county and municipal officers.

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President nominated to the Senate Thomas P. Smith, Consul at La Rochelle, to be Consul at Paris, *vice* John G. Nicolay; W. D. Spaulding, of New York, Consul at Yeddo, Japan; Edward Stephens, of New York, Consul at Manchester, England, *vice* Wells; George H. Kingsbury, Collector of Internal Revenue, Third district of Massachusetts, *vice* McCartney, to be removed; Commodore Andrew A. Harwood, Rear Admiral on the retired list; Past Assistant Paymaster Leonard A. Frailey, and Assistant Paymaster J. P. Loomis, to be Paymasters in the Navy.

MRS. SURRATT'S REMAINS.

In compliance with solicitations of friends of Mrs. Surratt, the President has ordered her remains to be disinterred and delivered to her relatives. Her body was buried in the same enclosure with Payne, Atzerot and Harold, near the place of interment of Booth's remains. The understanding is there is to be no public demonstration, and whatever funeral services take place must be privately conducted.

SAN DOMINGO ANNEXATION.

The Confidential Agent of San Domingo is still actively engaged in behalf of the annexation of that country. He to-day laid on the tables of the members of Congress copies of a pamphlet in furtherance of that object.

NEWS BY CABLE.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The *Standard* predicts that the Alabama treaty will be rejected by the United States, and is sure the next administration will not get such favorable terms for the settlement of the question at issue.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 8.—Exciting rumors have been circulating all day in regard to the movements of Carlists. One of these reports is that the Carlists attacked Sautona, in the province of Santandar, but was repulsed after a short fight.

GREECE.

PARIS, February 8.—A dispatch from Athens says King George has declared that Greece must either accept the Protocol of the Paris Conference or receive his resignation of the Crown.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, February 8.—*Evening*—Consols for money 93⅛, account 93¼. American securities quiet and steady; bonds 76¾, Erie 25¼, Illinois 93¾, Atlantic and Great Western 40¼.

FRANKFORT, February 8.—Bonds 80¼.

LONDON, February 8.—Tallow 46s. 9d. Linseed Oil £28. Linseed 58s@58s. 6d.

ANTWERP, February 8.—Petroleum 59½@59 francs 5c.

HAVRE, February 8.—Cotton easier at 142f. on spot, 144f. afloat.

HAVRE, Feb. 8.—Cotton closed easier at 142 francs for tres ordinaire on the spot and 144 for low middlings to arrive.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[THIRD SESSION.]

SENATE: Petition for the Recognition of the Almighty in the Constitution—Adverse Reports from Committee on Pacific Railroad—The Constitutional Amendment Furtuer Discussed—Electoral Vote of Georgia—Bill to Encourage American Steamship Lines. HOUSE: Variety of Bills Introduced—Bill Regulating the Election of Representatives, Registration and Naturalization Referred to Committee on Election Frauds—The Copper Tariff Bill Passed Finally—The Military Appropriation Bill.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, February 8, 1869.

SENATE.

Mr. SHERMAN presented a petition for the recognition in the Constitution of Almighty God as the source of all civil authority, and made a few remarks in favor of such an amendment to the Constitution.

Mr. HOWARD, from the Committee on Pacific Railroad, reported adversely upon, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of, a large number of bills and memorials granting or asking aid in the construction of railroads and telegraph lines.

Among which were the following: A Bill to aid in the construction of the Central Transit Railroad from New Orleans etc.; Bill in addition to the act granting lands to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from Lake Superior to Puget Sound; Bill to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line through Missouri and Arkansas to the Pacific ocean; Bill in relation to the Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division; Bill to aid in the construction of the Southwestern Railroad and Telegraph Line to the Pacific Ocean, with connections and branches; Bill to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Rio Grande to the Pacific Ocean; Bill to aid in the construction of the Arkansas and Pacific Railroad; petition of Franklin Haven and others offering to construct the Northern Pacific Railroad and Eastern Division of the Union Pacific Railroad, upon receiving the same land grants now given to aid said Company; Bill to aid in the construction of the Oregon branch of the Pacific Railroad; memorial of the Legislature of Oregon in favor of the construction of a railroad from Salt Lake to the Columbia river; memorial of W. Cornell Jewett, asking that all subsidies should be withheld from the Union Pacific Railroad; memorial of the Legislature of Minnesota asking for aid in the construction of the Northern Pacific Railroad; memorial of the Legislature of Kansas asking for aid in the construction of the St. Joseph and Denver Railroad.

Mr. RAMSEY introduced a bill to amend the act granting lands to Minnesota. Referred.

Mr. MORTON introduced a bill to refund to Indiana the interest and discount on money borrowed to equip, pay, supply and transport troops for the service of the United States in the recent war. Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. MORGAN introduced a bill to secure copyrights for painting, drawing and statuary models.

Mr. WILSON, from Committee on Military Affairs, reported adversely the joint resolution in relation to the grades of General and Lieutenant General in the army, and Admiral and Vice Admiral in the navy; also adversely to the resolution granting a portion of the military reservation at Ft. Leavenworth to aid in the construction of a railroad and wagon road across Missouri.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill to establish a line of American steamships between the United States and Europe, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

It provides that for the purpose of encouraging American ocean commerce, all money received by the United States from ocean and inland postage on foreign mail matter carried between the United States and Europe, not exceeding two million dollars annually, shall be set apart for ten years, and its expenditure authorized as follows: The Postmaster General is directed to contract with citizens of the United States for the transportation of foreign mails on American steamships, numbering not less than two nor more than four departures monthly from New York, and from two to four departures monthly from Boston, the steamships to be at least two thousand eight hundred tons register; their speed must equal the average speed of steamships of like class now employed between the United States and Europe; they are to carry without compensation all agents of the Government, for whom passage may be requested by the several Departments, and all mail matter offered by the Postoffice Department, but the United States shall receive the postage therefrom. For all this the Postmaster General is to pay to the owners of said steamships from the fund above provided the sum of twenty thousand dollars for each round voyage to Europe and back, provided the amount derived from postage shall be sufficient therefor, and if not, then such sum as may be derived from said postage shall be apportioned ratably for each ship for each voyage, provided that the deficiency of any one voyage may be made up from the excess of any other during the continuance of the contract; in time of war or public danger the Secretary of the Navy may take possession of any or all the steamships employed under the foregoing provisions, and use them in the service of the United States, but the owners shall be paid in fair compensation for the use of their vessels and for any damage which they may thereby sustain.

On motion of Mr. EDMUNDS, his resolution in relation to the mode of counting the vote of Georgia for President and Vice President was taken up.

Mr. TRUMBULL maintained that Georgia, having complied with the conditions of admission imposed by Congress, was *prima facie* entitled to have her vote counted, and thought the resolution unnecessary in any view, if, as it assumes, the vote of Georgia would not change the result.

Mr. EDMUNDS thought the evidence conclusive that Georgia was not entitled to have her vote counted; but as there was a difference of opinion, he had introduced the resolution to avoid the necessity which would exist for a hasty determination of it.

Mr. HENDRICKS briefly discussed the resolution, and said the amount of it was, that for a while in the counting of the electoral vote, the vote of Georgia was to be counted, but finally it was not to be counted.

Mr. WHYTE could not see any propriety in raising the question as to the right of Georgia to representation, or to have her electoral vote counted, when she already had Representatives sitting in the House.

Mr. CONKLING said those Representatives had been elected before the impediment, if there was any, arose.

The discussion was interrupted by the expiration of the morning hour, which brought up the Constitutional Amendment.

Mr. SAULSBURY was entitled to the floor, but Mr. EDMUNDS appealed to him to give way for a vote on the resolution with regard to counting the vote of Georgia.

Mr. SAULSBURY declined and proceeded to address the Senate on the amendment. He regarded it not as an amendment to the Constitution, but as an attempt at the subversion of it, and all other State Constitutions. The fathers of the Constitution had solemnly voted down, in Convention, a proposal to make the Federal Government a national one; but their wiser decendants, who had the advantage of living in an age of progress, and learning their political philosophy from the newspapers, now gloried in doing that which the great men of the revolutionary period had so carefully avoided. This amendment, however, was simply a part of the programme of the Radical party, a party already guilty of such tyranny that it would be well for the coming generations if forgetfulness of their atrocious acts should come over the mind, and the historian's pen be paralyzed in recording them. He warned the advocates of the measure, who were opposed to repudiation, that they were proposing to admit to the suffrage a class of people whose interests would be very likely to make them vote for repudiation. The Senator from Nevada had declined to give any reasons for the adoption of this amendment, thinking it was enough to say that it was the crowning act of the Republican party. He (Mr. Saulsbury) thought so too. The proposed amendment, striking down one of the great rights of the States, was indeed an appropriate crowning act of that infamous party, in regard to which his own descriptive vocabulary had been exhausted. He could only say, in the words of Holy Writ, that from the crown of its head to the sole of its foot, there was no health in it. That party was the murderer of the Constitution of this country, and in dismissing it he might use the language of the Judge when he has pronounced sentence on a murderer: "May God have mercy on your soul."

Mr. NYE suggested that always when the Judge reached that point he stopped. [Laughter.]

Mr. SAULSBURY said he would answer the Senator with one of his own anecdotes. A man passing along a road discovered a neighbor, whom he knew to be a Universalist, beating a dead skunk, whereupon he remonstrated, saying, "how is it you, who do not believe in punishment after death, are inflicting it upon this poor skunk?" The Universalist replied, "to be sure, he did not generally believe in punishment after death, or the justice of it, but he knew this particular skunk deserved it, and he was bound to give it to him." So, Mr. Saulsbury, although he had pronounced sentence upon that party, he felt bound to go on.

Mr. NYE suggested that the dead party was not the Republican party, but the other.

Mr. SAULSBURY—No, sir; it lives; it lives; and you saw the manifestations of its life when you took as your candidate a man who had always professed to be a Democrat, and you found it necessary to take him to carry you through the last election.

Mr. EDMUNDS suggested, in view of the day on which electoral votes would be counted, it was necessary to take some action on his resolution on the method of counting the vote of Georgia. He therefore asked the Senator from Nevada (Mr. Stewart,) to suspend the debate on the amendment to allow the Senate to act on that resolution.

Mr. STEWART consented and the resolution was then passed—34 to 11.

The Senate then resumed the discussion of the Constitutional Amendment, on which Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN made a brief speech. He thought it unnecessary to reply to the argument of Senators in favor of States rights. That had been sufficiently discussed in this country, and in regard to it he would only say, if a State which could neither make war, treaties, coin money, and whose territory was subject to the law of another and higher power, the supreme law of the land, was a sovereignty at all, it was only one in name, and he was surprised that Senators on the other side opposed the pending amendment to the Constitution, because they called themselves Democrats and professed to believe in a Democratic Government, and the object of this amendment was to give to four millions of free taxable citizens of the republic a voice in the Government—a thoroughly democratic object. There was another reason why they should not oppose the amendment. They had complained that the establishment of negro suffrage at the South was a tyrannical discrimination against that portion of the country; but this amendment was a proposition to extend the same rule all over the States, thus relieving the South from its exceptional position, and therefore they ought to support it. He preferred the amendment as reported from the Judiciary Committee to any of the substitutes offered, because it did not propose to deprive the States of the right to regulate suffrage, each for itself. He did not like the proposition of the Senator from Massachusetts, (Mr. Sumner,) because it proposed to take away that right from the States, and because that Senator's argument had failed to satisfy him that the Government had a right, as against a State, to regulate the suffrage.

Mr. DAVIS took the floor and announced that he proposed to discuss the pending amendment for several hours, whereupon the Senate took a recess.

Evening Session—The President announced the appointment of Mr. Harlan as an additional member of the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Mr. DAVIS, being entitled to the floor, yielded to Mr. ABBOTT, who made an argument in favor of the amendment. He believed the time had come when the power of the general government should be felt over every foot of its territory, to protect all classes of citizens in their rights, and if it had not power enough to make itself so felt, he was in favor of giving it such power. He wished to have the Constitutional Amendment adopted; first, because Congress had the Constitutional authority to propose it; second, because it was equitable; third, because it was expedient. In regard to the form of the amendment, he preferred one of an affirmative character, as suggested by the Senator from Indiana, Mr. Morton.

Mr. DAVIS resumed the floor and spoke at length against the amendment. He insisted that the power of Congress to propose an amendment to the Constitution was a restricted power. Congress was authorized by the Constitution itself to propose amendments to the Constitution, but not to propose, by way of amendment, anything inconsistent with the scope of the design of the original Constitution. To determine whether the change proposed was a legitimate amendment, or a revolutionary proposition, it must be compared with the original instrument. This amendment, tested in this way, would be found revolutionary and subversive of our system of government. It proposes to effect a change, not only of the Constitution of the United States, but of all the Constitutions of every State in the Union, and he asked any advocate of it to show where Congress could get power to change the Constitution of a State. But it was useless to argue the question of Constitutional right to the proposers of this amendment, because it was not based upon any such right, but upon a selfish desire for the perpetuation of party power. But Congress having authority to propose amendments to the Constitution of the United States only, this provision is not intended to apply or in any way to affect the principles and forms of government of the several States as organized by the respective Constitutions.

Mr. WILLIAMS then offered again his substiute for the report of the Committee, that Congress shall have power to abolish or modify any restrictions upon the right to vote or hold office prescribed by the Constitution or laws of any State.

Mr. WELCH made an argument to show how futile and trivial were all the objections to giving the negro the right of suffrage on account of race, color or intellectual unfitness, when weighed against his transcendant patriotism.

Mr. ROSS was in favor of giving the negro the suffrage, because it was right to do so, and for other reasons which were inaudable in the reporters' gallery.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. SCHENCK presented the petitions of Adams Jewett, and two hundred and thirty-four other citizens of Dayton, praying Congress to repeal the franking privilege. Referred to the Postoffice Committee.

Several bills were introduced and referred, including the following:

By Mr. ELA: To rescind all stationery contracts with Dempsey & O'Toole.

By Mr. ELIOT: To regulate and protect the fur trade and seals on the islands of St. Paul and St. George, Alaska.

Mr. WARD introduced a bill fixing the time for the election of Representatives in Congress for Tuesday after the first Monday in December in each alternate year, commencing in 1870, providing for the registration of electors by inspectors appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, and that naturalization shall only be made by United States Courts and United States Commissioners, only one of the latter to be appointed for every quarter of a million of population of cities; all naturalization papers held by persons in cities of over twenty thousand of population, issued since the 1st day of January, 1864, to be surrendered within one year and new ones taken if the old ones are genuine, the expense to be paid by the United States; all papers not so surrendered to be void.

Motions to refer to the Committee on Revision of Laws and to the Judiciary Committee were rejected, and the bill, at Mr. Ward's desire, was referred to the Select Committee on New York Election Frauds.

A bill was also introduced by Mr. BARNES for the exchange of gold for United States demand notes, and to prevent the sale of gold.

By Mr. BROOKS: To encourage the building of steamships in the United States.

By Mr. MORRILL: Regulating the value of extra rations of army officers.

By Mr. KOON: Amendatory of Soldiers bounty act of July, 1866.

By Mr. HAUGHEY: Relative to rights of loyal citizens in Alabama.

By Mr. DELANO: Authorizing the President to appoint Commissioners to revise the Tariff laws and report to Congress.

By Mr. JULIAN: To grant the right of way to the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad.

By Mr. BAKER: Amending the Naturalization laws, by giving validity to certificates issued by *bona fide* Courts of inferior jurisdiction, and recognizing declarations of intent filed before such Courts.

By Mr. SAWYER: Granting lands to Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota to aid in the construction of certain railroads.

By Mr. KERR: To prescribe a form and rule of naturalization, fixing previous residence in the United States at one year and in States six months, dispensing with the first declaration of intention, requiring only the oath of allegiance, and leaving the subject of naturalization to Courts now having jurisdiction.

All appropriately referred.

Messrs. SELEYE and MILLER introduced Constitutional amendments.

Mr. BENJAMIN, resolutions of the Missouri Legislature relative to certain railroads.

Mr. CLARK, resolutions of the Kansas Legislature thanking Gens. Sheridan and Custar, and declaring want of sympathy with the peace commissioners.

Mr. POLSLEY, the resolutions of the West Virginia Legislature, asking a grant of public lands to aid in the construction of the Central West Virginia railroad.

Mr. HOLBROOK, resolutions of the Idaho Legislature for aid to railroads, etc. All referred.

Mr. JULIAN introduced and moved the previous question on the passage of the joint resolution to prevent the further sale of public lands of the United States, except as provided for in the pre-emption and homestead laws, and for disposing of town sites and regulating grants of lands in aid of railroads, so as to limit the sales of land to actual settlers in quantities not greater than quarter sections to any purchaser, and the price not to exceed $2,50 per acre.

Mr. HOPKINS moved to lay the joint resolution on the table. Negatived—yeas, 33; nays, 133.

The morning hour expired and the resolution went over till Monday next.

Mr. MILLER presented a memorial asking an appropriation in aid of the National Homstead, at Gettysburg, for orphans of soldiers. Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The next business in order was the motion made last Monday by Mr. Schenck to suspend the rules to consider in the House, and with reference to the Committee of the Whole, the Senate amendments to the House bill regulating the duties on copper and copper ores.

Mr. ELDRIDGE asked Mr. Schenck to yield, in order that he might offer a resolution for the appointment of a Select Committee to investigate the reported murder by the Arkansas militia, under General Upham, of the three citizens at Marion, Arkansas, on the 21st of January last.

Mr. ROOTS objected.

Mr. ELDRIDGE desired one minute to explain the matter.

Mr. SCHENCK said he did not like to yield for that purpose.

Mr. ROOTS said he would object to his yielding.

Mr. ELDRIDGE said the sister of Major Geo. Harney, one of the murdered men, was in the city on her way to Arkansas to obtain the body of her brother, and was very anxious to have an investigation.

Mr. SCHENCK remarked that it was no part of the resolution.

Mr. ELDRIDGE admitted it, but claimed there was a reason why the resolution should be adopted.

Objection was not withdrawn, and the resolution could not be offered.

Mr. PRUYN offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the propriety of reducing or abrogating the duty now charged on flowering plants brought from foreign countries. Adopted.

Mr. SPALDING, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the Senate amendment to the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill.

Made the special order for to-morrow.

Mr. JUDD offered a resolution directing the Secretary of War to have examinations and surveys made at the port of Chicago, with a view to secure additional and enlarged harbor facilities, as the necessity of commerce demands. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. GARFIELD, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported back the Senate joint resolution for inquiring into the utility and practicability of the Ryan-Hitchcock mode of fortification. Passed.

The motion of Mr. Schenck, to suspend the rules, in order to consider in the House the Senate amendments to the Copper bill, was agreed to—yeas 118, nays 49.

The amendments are as follows: after the word "enumerated" insert the words "including sulphate of copper or blue vitriol," so as to make it subject to a duty of five cents per pound. At the end of the bill insert the words "on copper in rolled plates, called braziers copper sheets, rods, pipes and copper bottoms, and all manufactures of copper, or of which copper shall be a component, not otherwise provided for, forty-five per centum *ad valorem*; provided the increased duty imposed by this act shall not apply to any of the articles therein enumerated which shall have been in course of transit to the United States and actually on ship board on the 19th of January, 1869."

Mr. PIKE asked Mr. Schenck whether he would admit discussion on the bill?

Mr. SCHENCK said he would not; he thought it had been sufficiently discussed. He moved to concur in the Senate amendments and demanded the previous question.

Mr. BROOKS would be glad if the gentleman from Ohio would answer a few questions, so that the amendments might be understood.

Mr. SCHENCK declined, as that would be a system of debate under disguise.

Mr. BROOKS said the tax of five cents per pound on sulphate of copper was a tax on every old lady's dye pot in the country. Blue vitriol cost in England a little over five cents a pound, so the tax was 96 and 43-100 per cent. *ad valorem*, and only for the benefit of three or four companies in the East.

The previous question was seconded and the main question ordered.

Mr. BROOKS moved to lay the bill on the table. Negatived—66 to 109.

The amendments were then concurred in—yeas, 112; nays, 56.

The bill now goes to the President for approval.

Mr. KELLY offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for information as to the amount, &c., expended in experiments on steam expansion under the direction of the department or bureau of steam engineering. Adopted.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Ferry in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Army Appropriation bill, the item under discussion being that which appropriated a million dollars for an Arsenal and Armory at Rock Island, Illinois.

After a discussion, lasting over an hour and a half, the paragraph was amended, on motion of Mr. PHELPS, by reducing it for Rock Island Arsenal from one million dollars to fifty thousand dollars.

Mr. BLAINE then moved to appropriate three hundred thousand dollars for the Rock Island bridge.

Mr. LOGAN moved as an amendment that Rock Island be ceded to the State of Illinois.

A point of order being raised, Mr. Logan's amendment was ruled out of order.

Mr. BLAINE'S amendment was rejected.

Without further progress the House took a recess.

Evening Session.—The House in Committee of the Whole, Mr. Ferry in the chair, continued the consideration of the Army Appropriation bill.

On motion of Mr. SHELLABARGER, an appropriation of twenty thousand dollars was inserted for the Arsenal at Columbus, Ohio.

The Committee having reached the end of the bill,

Mr. GARFIELD, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, offered an amendment for the reduction of the army and for the consolidation of the departments.

Mr. BUTLER, Mass., made the point of order that as the whole amendment was offered as an entirely new section, and as the last section provides for the transfer of the Indian Bureau to the War Department, for which permission was not given by the House, the amendment was out of order.

The Chairman sustained the point, but on the statement by Mr. Garfield, that he wished the amendment considered section by section, and not as an entirety, the Chairman reversed his decision, and overruled the point of order.

Various other points of order were made and overruled.

Mr. GARFIELD took the floor to explain and advocate his amendment, which he offered section by section, the first section being a provision that no further appointments shall be made in the grades of General or Lieutenant General; that no further appointments shall be made in grades of Major General or Brigadier General, until the number of Major Generals shall be reduced below four, and thereafter there shall be only four Major Generals, and the number of Brigadier Generals, exclusive of staff, is reduced below six, and thereafter there shall be but six Brigadier Generals, exclusive of staff.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, offered his amendment for the reduction of the army, which was read.

Mr. GARFIELD withdrew from his amendment everything relating to the transfer of the Indian Bureau, and then offered the rest as an entirety. He then yielded the floor to Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, who moved the Committee rise, in order that the concurrent resolution of the Senate as to the counting of the Electoral vote might be taken from the Speaker's table and passed.

The motion was agreed to and the Committee accordingly rose, and Mr. DAWES took the chair as Speaker *pro tem.*

Mr. WILSON then moved to suspend the rules to take from the table and pass the concurrent resolution as to the counting of the Electoral votes.

Mr. MAYNARD inquired whether an amendment to include Louisiana would be in order?

The SPEAKER *pro tem* said whenever an amendment was offered the Chair would decide upon it.

Mr. FARNSWORTH—Under this motion no amendments will be in order.

The SPEAKER *pro tem*—So the Chair rules.

Mr. FARNSWORTH—Then, I hope the gentleman from Iowa will modify his motion so as simply to suspend the rules and take up the resolution.

Mr. WILSON—Oh! no.

Mr. FARNSWORTH—I want to know if there is any precedent for putting bills through in this way?

Mr. RANDALL—I desire to ask whether this legislation is not in the nature of a law, and does not require the signature of the President?

The SPEAKER—The Chair does not regard that as a point of order.

Mr. RANDALL—I should like the Chair to answer that question, or somebody else for him.

Mr. MAYNARD—I appeal to the gentleman from Iowa to allow an amendment to be proposed to include the State of Louisiana.

Mr. WILSON declined to do so.

On the motion to suspend the rules Mr. WOODWARD demanded the yeas and nays. Not ordered.

Mr. ROSS moved to adjourn and demanded the yeas and nays, and tellers on yeas and nays.

The demand for tellers on yeas and nays was refused and the motion to adjourn rejected.

On the vote by tellers on the motion to suspend, a quorum was not present. Then by general consent a vote was taken by yeas and nays, resulting, yeas 97, nays 17.

So the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution taken up and adopted.

On motion of Mr. BUTLER, of Mass. the rules were suspended so an amendment to the Army Appropriation bill for the reduction of the pay of army bands might be proposed.

It was proposed that Friday evening of this week be set apart for debate on the subject of Hayti and St. Domingo, as embraced in Mr. Orth's resolution, offered last week, but not received.

Objection was raised by Mr. FARNSWORTH.

Mr. BANKS moved to suspend the rules.

Mr. FARNSWORTH suggested that the subject could be discussed without any special order.

Messrs. SCHENCK, GARFIELD and others expressed opposition to the introduction of the resolution.

Mr. BANKS said he did not want it introduced.

On the motion to suspend the rules no quorum voted.

The House adjourned.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—G. H. Thurston, President of the P. & A. Telegraph Company, is in Cincinnati.

—Edward S. Piper, *alias* C. B. Clark, a forger, has been sentenced at Portland, Maine, to the State prison for eight years.

—A man named Gregg jumped overboard from the steamer Balen during her last trip from Quincy, Illinois, and was drowned.

—The trial of Wormald and O'Baldwin, at Salem, Mass., for engaging in a prize fight in Lynnfield, was commenced yesterday.

—H. C. Shock, on Saturday night, fell underneath a freight train on the Hannibal and St. Joe R. R., near Woodfield, and was instantly killed.

—The Governor General of Canada has expressed the opinion that Montreal should be the seat of Government, and he will use his influence to have it there.

—The dead body of an infant, whose skull had been fractured, was found on Monday morning near Carbondale, Illinois. No clue has been obtained to the murderer.

—The Crescent Insurance Company, at Cincinnati, has paid up the full amount of the insurance on the boats lost in the Warsaw disaster last December. Other companies will contest the payment in the Courts.

—A fire at Littleton, N. H., on Saturday, destroyed the building occupied by the Lancaster Starch Company, Richardson's turpentine factory, and Morse & Co.'s peg factory; loss twenty four thousand dollars; insured.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE HAIR DRESSER'S REMONSTRANCE.

Sulphur and lead their splendor shed
On snowy craniums old and hoary;
The mixture takes a "brace of shakes,"
And chignons gleam with borrowed glory.
Pooh! Poison? Who set these wild echoes flying?
Pooh! Poison? What's the harm in dyeing, dyeing, dyeing?

O, hark! if your scant *chevelure*
Be thin, and thinner, daily growing,
The stuff we sell is free from smell,
Both quality and tint bestowing!
Pooh! let us hear the purple tints replying:
Pooh! Poison? It *must* answer—dyeing, dyeing, dyeing!

Our shilling dye! O, come, apply
To all your heads the mixture clever;
Wash once the whole from crown to poll,
And you are beautiful forever!
Pooh! Poison? Who set these wild echoes flying?
Pooh! Answer? It *must* answer—dyeing, dyeing, dyeing.

EPHEMERIS.

—Revolvers sell well in New York.

—Fenians in New Orleans still talk.

—George Francis Train is lecturing in New Jersey.

—Massachusetts has thirty thousand shoemakers.

—Another reduction in the army is said to be meditated.

—Financial difficulties are said to environ the Papal government.

—The population of Reading, Pennsylvania, is said to be forty-five thousand.

—Rheumatism is what troubles Parepa, but she will be all right in a week or two.

—225,000 seal skins from Alaska appeared in the markets during the past year.

—A Boston paper says that this winter they have had up there more bicicles than icicles.

—The standing army of Bolivia is said to consist of eleven men, one of whom is Captain.

—It is said that both parties will this spring renominate Chief Justice Dixon, of Wisconsin.

—The crown Princess of Prussia is said to have announced herself as a champion of woman's rights.

—Alaska Indians it is said are almost equal to those on the Plains in the arts of murder and treaty-making.

—A cotemporary states that a new luxury is velocipede candy, but asserts that it is not worked with the feet.

—Massachusetts has produced a four wheeled velocipede, and Philadelphia thinks the thing will get a fifth wheel yet.

—Dr. Sickel the eminent oculist of Paris, willed his corpse to science and thus spared his heirs the expense of a funeral.

—An orphan heiress, of $40,000 in her own right, has been sent to the Industrial School at Louisville to keep her out of mischief.

—Some one has estimated that in Boston there are thirty thousand young men engaged to be married and waiting for better times.

—Even the dogs in New York commit suicide. A fine Newfoundlander killed himself the other day by leaping from a third story window.

—A newspaper has discovered that if a woman wants to get herself published, all she has to do is to elope or otherwise make a fool of herself.

—Brigham Young warns all his disciples to have nothing to do with Planchette, lest they be drawn under the influence which accompanies it.

—A plucky servant girl in New York caught a couple of burglars in the house and held on to one of them until assistance came and he was arrested.

—A lady in Salem, Mass., makes a profitable business of raising Maltese cats for sale. Most of them are taken to Philadelphia for the southern market.

—Some one writes from East Tennessee that horse bones are collected on the battle fields there and buried in the cemeteries as the relics of Union soldiers.

—A bill before the New York Legislature limits the number of passengers in any horse car to twenty-four, and in one omnibus to twelve, each person to have a seat.

—A Boston paper gives as the latest "Grecian Bend"—The acceptance of the proposition of the European Conference at Paris by the Grecian Government.

—The Pennsylvania Numismatic and Antiquarian Society, which is in a most flourishing condition, held its annual meeting in Philadelphia on Thursday evening.

—Forty years in the State Prison is an unpleasant prospect for a man to look forward to, and it is the only one Stephen Boyle has had since his sentence last week in New York.

—A New York sewing girl drew five thousand dollars in a New York lottery shop last week. This piece of good luck for the one girl may prove the ruin of a hundred others.

—Ahasuerus once bantered his queen to spell oyster with two letters. She declined to try; when he petuantly exclaimed, Oh! why, Esther?" (o-y-s-ter—you observe.)—*Hz.*

—The fifteen leading Episcopal churches in New York city, contributed last year to various charitable purposes nine hundred and thirty-seven thousand four hundred and ninety-one dollars.

—A young fellow, with but one leg, and one fully developed arm, hopped a mile in nine minutes, at Plymouth, Ind., the other day for a small purse. He makes his living in that way.

—Illinois has some mean thieves. At Muscatah in that State, a Miss McCarren recently died and was buried. A day or two afterwards it was discovered that thieves had broken through and stolen a gold watch and chain and some articles of jewelry which had adorned the corpse and the silver nails of the coffin. Poor Miss McCarren probably had no gold fillings in her teeth, or they too would have been stolen.

—A Richmond gentleman was awakened the other night to find a bouncing baby on his doorstep, with a note requesting him to "be a mother" to the child. He is doing as well as he can with a bottle.

—Shooting for fun is a dangerous thing sometimes; a man in Colorado was doing it the other day when another man popped his head round the corner and hit the ball which immediately killed him.

—Ramie-growing is fast becoming an important agricultural interest. Numerous Southern planters are cultivating it, and one down in Mississippi has all his acres sown with it, and advertises 500,000 young plants for sale.

—The New York *Express* thinks it probable that a dozen lines of baloons will be regularly crossing the Atlantic before New Yorkers will have a safe and speedy way of getting from one end of the city to the other.

—George Lockwood, a married man, of Stamford, Conn., hung himself the other day. He was forty-five years old, and though seeming to enjoy good health, is now supposed to have had his brain injured by a recent severe contusion which he received on his head.

—The mulberry trees near Brownsville, Texas, are leaving. If we were near that place we think we should follow their example and, if possible, take our trunks with us, and if we stayed, no doubt like the mulberry trees, we should soon be buried.

—In the argument before the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, upon the meaning of the word "survive" in the will of the late Joseph E. Worcester, L.L. D., the distinguished lexicographer, one of the counsel cited the definition of the word given in Worcester's Dictionary as indicating the intent of the testator.

—Cassius M. Clay, Jr., son of Hon. B. S. Clay, was lately married at Paris, Kentucky, to Miss Sue Clay, daughter of Mr. Sam Clay. There is a something Scottish in this which reminds us of the Claymore, which like the Damoclean sword, hangs over the happy family.

—How sudden are the great changes of life! On Saturday Kauffman was a simple barber, and on Sunday he had become a cold blooded murderer and the object of the wildest hatred of an excited crowd. Probably he would have been much amused if any one had told him on Saturday that within twenty-four hours he would be a walled up murderer; and most probably that innocent Saturday seems centuries farther off to him than it does to others.

—In Philadelphia a *creche*, or day nursery for the babes of working women, such as are common in Paris, has been going on for the past six years. During the past year seventy-nine mothers have left their children here while working, and the institution has averaged twenty-nine children a day during the year. The children are received as early as half-past six in the morning and can stay until seven in the evening, receiving three meals and a bath, for all of which the mother, who must be a woman whose work calls her from home, pays six cents a day. New York has a somewhat similar institution, which is connected with a lying-in hospital and a child's hospital, and which has been established for fifteen years. A simple *creche*, such as that in Philadelphia, if well managed and centrally situated, would be a great blessing to many poor mothers in our own busy city.

Railway Items.

The Central Pacific Railroad is completed 510 miles east of Sacramento and 151 miles from the head of Salt Lake, leaving 240 miles of the trans-continental road to be built. The track of the Central Pacific Road is being laid at the rate of from three to four miles per day.

The Erie Company, it is said, is negotiating for another road, to substitute for the lease of Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central to the Pennsylvania Central.

It is said that the bonded indebtedness of the Cincinnati and Zanesvile Railroad, and the interest thereon, unpaid, amount in the aggregate to twice what the road is worth.

The following is the text of the bill pending in the Ohio Legislature to amend Section 24 of an act to provide for the creation and regulation of incorporated companies in the State of Ohio, passed May 1, 1862.—[S. & C., pages 281 and 282.

"SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, that Section 24 of the above entitled act be amended by adding at the close thereof the following proviso:

"Provided, further, that no purchase, sale, lease, or arrangement with any railroad company owned or controlled by a corporation, the majority of whose directors are non-residents of this State, shall have any effect or validity until said foreign company shall file with the Auditor of this State a full and complete statement of the assets and condition of the business affairs of said company under oath, and said Auditor, after an examination of the same, shall certify to the solvency of said foreign company, and cause said statement and his certificate thereto, to be published at the expense of said company, in at least two daily newspapers published in the city of Columbus.

"SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage."

A CONDUCTOR on the Dayton and Michigan Railroad, on the 1st inst., attempted to collect fare from a passenger who appeared to be sleeping. Upon examination, however, he was found to be dead, having been shot through the head by a pistol lying at his side in the seat. Passengers remembered having heard the report of a gun or pistol, but supposed it was outside of the car, and paid no attention. He had no papers or letters upon his person by which he could be identified.

Washington Items.

The interest paid by the United States, on all bonds issued to the Union Pacific Railway Company, (Eastern Division,) including December 31, 1868, is $639,305. Fifty per cent. of the earnings from Government business returned to the Treasurer by the Company, as provided by law, is $516,785.

The Alabama Claims Treaty will fail to be ratified, and the whole question will go over to the next Administration for a renewal of negotiations under a new Minister. Such is the almost concurrent opinion of the Republican members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the Senate and the Senators on the floor. An organized opposition to the treaty seems to have originated in New York and Boston among claimants for relief from depredations committed by the Alabama and Shenandoah. They have prepared memorials and arguments against the treaty, which they are sending to Senators.

Both Houses have adopted the necessary preliminary steps for the taking of the next census. The gentlemen who are to compose the Joint Committee on the part of the House were announced a few days ago. Mr. Wade has designated the following gentlemen on the part of the Senate: Messrs. Conkling, Anthony, Howe, Sawyer and Buckalew. The joint resolution under which they are appointed empowers them to sit during the Summer to prepare a draft of the necessary legislation.

General Moorhead has expressed himself in favor of Ex-Governor A. G. Curtin as representative in the Cabinet from the State of Pennsylvania, and is making strong efforts in behalf of the Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.

The San Domingo annexation matter continues to attract attention. M. Eugenard, the Envoy of President Baez, has been in conference with Senators and Representatives. A pamphlet on the present condition and resources of the Dominican Republic has been prepared, and will be distributed. He offers, on the part of the government, to cede their territory to the United States, without reservation, upon the sole condition of the United States assuming the Dominican debt, amounting to some twelve or fifteen millions, of which its English holders are pressing, through their government, for immediate payment. The House Committee is anxious for early action, lest the opportunity should be lost.

The Military Strength of Prussia.

The following is from the Prussian *Militarische Wochenblatt:*

"Our military organization is now so complete that a simple telegram from Berlin would suffice to put a million men under arms. The Prussian troops are composed of 325 battalions of infantry, 268 squadrons of cavalry, 11 regiments of artillery, with 1,146 pieces, and 12 battalions of engineers. In all there are 410,000 fighting men, to which must be added 50,000 to be furnished by the Federal contingents. These last are made up as follows: 1st. Saxony, 29 battalions, 24 sqadrons, 96 cannon and 1 battalion of engineers. 2d. Brunswick, 3 battalions, 4 squadrons and 6 cannon; 3d. Mecklenburg-Strelitz, 1 battalion; 4th. Grand Duchy of Hesse, 10 battalions, 8 squadrons, 24 cannon and 1 battalion of engineers; total, 43 battalions, 26 squadrons, 126 cannon and 2 battalions of engineers. To this number of fighting men (463,000) must be added the Baden, Hessian, Wurtemburgian and Bavarian soldiers, which the military treaties place at the disposition of the Chief of the Confederation. In addition, Prussia is able to put immediately on foot: 1st. Troops of the reserve, 120 battalions of infantry, 76 squadrons of cavalry, 240 cannon and 12 battalions of engineers; 2d. Troops occupying fortresses, 200,000 men. Neither officers, military train nor special corps are included in these figures."

Babel in Rome.

A letter from Rome, in the *Monde*, has the following: "In compliance with a usage which dates from a very remote period, the pupils of the celebrated College of the Propaganda, placed under the direction of Cardinal Barnabo, gave an interesting sitting of the polyglot academy just before the Epiphany. The proceedings which took place on Sunday, and were repeated on the following day, drew together, as usual, a numerous and distinguished auditory. Amongst the persons present were cardinals, prelates, princes, and personages belonging to high Roman and foreign society. This intellectual exhibition is assuredly most curious. To hear thirty-two different languages, or idioms, spoken by young men belonging to nearly all the nations of Europe, and a great number of those of Asia, Africa, America and Oceana, is not an ordinary enjoyment. The event occurs only in the Eternal City, and is repeated but once a year—always at the same period of the year. The entire universe, so to speak, by the representatives of so many tongues, comes at the Epiphany, as did formerly the Magi, to adore the Redeemer, and to address to him the homage of its vows and science. On the present occasion the display was considered unusually successful."

Traveling Menageries.

The expenses and profits of a first-class traveling circus and menagerie have been reported as follows: The season with this entertainment lasts from the first of April to the last of October. Nearly three thousand miles were traveled over in that time, an average of eighteen miles being made on every day the show moved at all. Ninety people draw salaries from the proprietors in various capacities. The expenses for hotel bills, 207 days, were $22,448 for people, $27,022 for stabling and feeding stock. The animals require 150 pounds of beef a day. The total expenses were about $800 a day, and reached in the aggregate $141,000. The total receipts, on 177 show days, exceeded this amount by $52,100, but from this profit the expence of wintering the animals must be deducted.

THE patent bricks of the Howard University, in Washington, have been decidedly condemned us unsuitable for building purposes by the supervisory architect of the Treasury Department and the architect of the Capital extension. The specimens of the brick, partially dissolved in water, were broken by a light blow, and crumbled under the pressure of the hand. It is believed that continued rains may make the lower part of the University building unable to sustain the weight above, and that if the building is allowed to stand, it should be well oiled, and in addition a frame be constructed inside, which shall sustain the entire weight of the floors and the roof. The opinion was also given that unless, as was claimed, the brick really solidified with age, it was unsuited for buildings more than one story high.

DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

378 PENN STREET, 2D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

We are now prepared to supply TINNERS and the Trade with our Patent
SELF-LABELING
FRUIT CAN TOP.
It is PERFECT, SIMPLE and CHEAP. Having the names of the various fruits *Stamped* upon the *Cover*, radiating from the center, and an *Index* or pointer stamped upon the Top of the can. It is clearly, distinctly and PERMANENTLY LABELED by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner.
No preserver of fruit or good HOUSEKEEPER will use any other after once seeing it.
Send 25 cents for sample.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
139 Second avenue, Pittsburgh.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $350 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
No. 14 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of
KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS., PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
de8 43 Fifth avenue, Sole Agent.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

47. HEADQUARTERS 47.
FOR
BOYS' CLOTHING.
Gray & Logan,
NO. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se28:v21

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
HOLIDAY GIFTS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO., R. E. BREED & CO.,

WALL PAPERS,

WALL PAPER — REMOVAL.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL
Has removed from 87 WOOD STREET to
NO. 191 LIBERTY STREET,
a few doors above ST. CLAIR. de18

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,
DYER AND SCOURER.
No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET
And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS

51 51 51
Fifth Avenue,
CARPETS,
CARPETS,
CARPETS.
M'CALLUM BROTHERS,
M'CALLUM BROTHERS,
M'CALLUM BROTHERS,
51 Fifth Avenue,
ja23 ABOVE WOOD STREET.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
TO MEET THE GENERAL DESIRE OF THOSE who have been deferred from purchasing until after the first of the year, we have concluded to continue our
GREAT REDUCTION SALE
FOR A FEW WEEKS LONGER. This is positively the last opportunity to secure bargains in
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.
Good Carpets for 25 cents a Yard.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK AND COMPANY
No. 23 Fifth Street.
ja18

JANUARY, 1869.
CARPETS.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
WILL CONTINUE THEIR
ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE
TWO WEEKS LONGER.
Greater Bargains than Ever Will be Offered to Close Out Special Lines of Goods, at
71 and 73 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor.
ja7

DRUGGISTS.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Carbon Oil.
MOVED TO NO. 195 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
White Window Lead, Glass and Glassware at Manufacturers prices. de9

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

PERCEVAL BECKETT,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER,
And Solicitor of Patents.
(Late of P. F. W. & C. Railway.)
Office, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Room No. 3, up stairs. P. O. Box 50, ALLEGHENY CITY.
MACHINERY, of all descriptions, designed. BLAST FURNACE and ROLLING MILL DRAWINGS furnished. Particular attention paid to designing COLLIERY LOCOMOTIVES. Patents confidentially solicited. An EVENING DRAWING CLASS for mechanics every WEDNESDAY NIGHT. ap4:n8

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.
American Rink,
New York Club,
Empire, Starr, &c.
All other styles and sizes at the very lowest rates at
WHITESIDES & DRUM,
de14 79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

FRESH FISH.—Benjamin Pulpress still continues to fill all city and country orders for
FRESH WHITE LAKE FISH, SALMON AND BASS.
Send to No. 45 DIAMOND MARKET, Pittsburgh, or his old well known TWIN CITY STAND, Allegheny market. oc30

NOTICE.—Persons owning property fronting or abutting on Aikens avenue, in the city of Pittsburgh, will please take notice the report of viewers, in the matter of the opening of Aikens avenue, has been place in my hands.
The assessments, if not paid on or before February 11th, 1869, will be entered in Court as liens.
J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney,
ja12:d6 106 Fifth Avenue.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.
Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle.
For sale by all Druggists. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors. fe4:d99-T:TH:S

OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING of a superior quality; also round leather Belting of different sizes. A large stock on hand at the lowest prices.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
fe8 26 and 28 Sixth Street.

DRY GOODS.

54. 54.
KITTANNING
EXTRA HEAVY
BARRED FLANNEL,
A VERY LARGE STOCK,
NOW OFFERED,
IN GOOD STYLES.
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS,
54
WOOD STREET.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS,
AT EASTERN PRICES,
NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,
GREENVILLE FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.

DRY GOODS
AT COST,
FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY,
TO CLOSE STOCK.
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS,
87 MARKET STREET.
de23

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

HARTMAN & LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturers of Warren's Felt Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for sale. ja5:30

HYDRAULIC CEMENT DRAIN PIPE.
Cheapest and best Pipe in the market. Also, ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale.
R. B. & C. A. BROCKETT & CO.
Office and Manufactory—240 REBECCA ST., Allegheny. Orders by mail promptly attended to. fe22:n8

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
No. 5 FOURTH STREET,
(Between Liberty and Ferry streets,
Orders promptly attended to. ap13

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies', WIGS, BANDS, CURLS: Gentlemen's WIGS, TOUPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2:n8

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n53

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, February 8, 1869.

The general markets are moderately active, though devoid of any new or important characteristics worthy of special notice. Flour appears to be a drug nearly all over the country, the demand being confined mainly to supplying the immediate wants of consumers. We hear it stated that consignments are being made from the west to all points, where there is an probability of working it off, and when the cities are found full, shipments are made to villages and country towns. Within a short time, a consignment was received at Connellsville (Pennsylvania.) and another at Greensburg (Pa.) which places, heretofore, when they wanted any Flour, bought it here. This is no doubt the first time that ever Flour was sent from Wisconsin to either of these places to be sold on commission, and it shows that holders in the west are anxious to reduce their stocks.

APPLE BUTTER—75 to 85 cents.

APPLES—In good supply but prices are sustained, ranging from $3 to $5 per bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Continues dull with a full supply and prices are barely sustained; we continue to quote at 36 to 40.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Dull and lower, being quoted at 3¾ to 4c.

BEANS—Prime small White scarce, and in fair demand with sales at $3,50 to $3,75 per bushel.

CARBON OIL—Has still further advanced, and may now be quoted in a jobbing way at 34 to 34½.

CHEESE—Market is almost bare, and with considerable inquiry, prices are very firm and fully sustained.

CRANBERRIES—Sales at $18 to $20.

CORNMEAL—$1 to $1,10 per bush.

—but little offering—quoted at $2,40.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches are firm with sales of quarters; 13½ to 14; mixed at 15 to 16 and halves at 18 to 19. Apples, 11 to 12c.

DRESSED HOGS—13 to 14.

EGGS—Fresh packed, 23 to 25c.

HAY—Baled Hay continues dull but unchanged; sales on wharf at $20 to $25, as to quality.

HOMINY—Sales at $6,25 to $6,50.

HEMP—Sales at $210 per ton.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm and tending upward; we quote Shoulders at 15½ 15¾c; Ribbed Sides, 18c; Clear Sides, 19c, and Sugar Cured Hams, 20c to 20½c. Prime kettle rendered Lard, 21c, in tierces, and 22c to 22½c in kegs. Dried Beef, 21½c. Mess Pork, $34.

POTATOES—Dull, with a supply largely in excess of the demand. Small sales in store at 80 to 85c.

SEEDS—Sales of Cloverseed at $10,00 to $10,50; Timothy at $3,50, and Flaxseed, $2,40.

SALT—Is quiet but steady, and is still quoted at $2 by the car load.

PEANUTS—Sales 8½ to 9c per lb.

TALLOW—Rendered, 11½ to 12c.

SORGHUM—60 to 65c.

GRAIN—There is little or no demand for Wheat, and prime Red may be quoted nominally at $1,60 to $1,65. Oats quiet but steady at 65c on track and in elevator, and 67 to 68c in store. Corn is dull and irregular; mixed may be quoted at 75c, and prime Yellow at 78 to 80. Sale of 300 bush prime Ear, on wharf, (to a consumer) at 80c. Rye is unsettled, and is still quoted at $1,45 to $1,48. Prime to choice Spring Barley may be quoted at $2 to $2,10.

LARD OIL—Firm; we continue to quote No. 1 at $1,73 to $1,75, and No. 2 at $1,43 to $1,45.

FEATHERS—Live Geese Feathers quoted at 75 to 80 to the trade, and the usual advance in a retail way.

FLOUR—The market continues very dull and neglected, while prices are without quotable change. We quote Spring Wheat, $7,00 to $8, and Winter Wheat, $8,50 to $9,25 per barrel. Rye Flour, $7,50 to $7,50. The Pearl Mill quote their best brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,30, and, in sacks, $9,00 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $7,80, and, in sacks, $7,50 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,30, and, in sacks, $9,00 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $9,80, and, in sacks, $9,50 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barreis, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

WHISKY—We can report sales of Highwines, in car loads, at 93½ to 94c, and in a jobbing way, at 96 to 97c.

ONIONS—$5 to $6 per bbl.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 135⅝.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, February 8, 1869.

MONEY.

Money easy at 6@7 per cent. on call. Prime business notes at 7@8 per cent. Sterling dull at 9¾@9¼. Gold a shade firmer; opened at 135¼, touched 135¼ and closed at 135⅝. The steamer Cambria, which leaves for Europe to-morrow, has $700,000 thus far engaged. 6@7 per cent. was paid for carrying at the close.

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Governments opened strong and higher, which was subsequently lost, though the market closed firm. The bill reported in the House on Saturday from the Ways and Means Committee meets with general favor, as having undoubted tendency to improve the national credit. It appears the balance of Central Pacific bonds were negotiated in Europe. Coupons of 1881, 112⅝@112¾; do. '62, 113¼ @113½; do. '64, 110⅛@110¼; do. '65, 111¼@111¾; new do., 109@109½; do. '67, 109¼@109¼; do. '68, 108⅝@108¾; Ten-Forties, 108¼@108⅝.

State bonds steady but dull. Old Tennessees, 67@67½; New Tennessees, 66½ @67; North Carolinas, 61½@61¾; Virginias, 62@63; Louisianas, 71.

The stock market during the morning was steady but dull, except for Pacific Mail, which opened at 113@113¼, fell to 109½, rallied to 111¼ and settled at 110¾; the break is owing to heavy sales for account of leading directors. New York Central was the next in point of interest, and opened at 161½, advanced to 163@ 163¼ and fell to 162½ The rest of the list was without noticeable feature. In the evening the market was unsettled by the erratic course of Pacific Mail and prices were all lower until after the second board. Towards the close there was a rally, but the market continued unsettled and closed dull. Sales of Pacific Mail by a leading banking firm are variously estimated at from twenty to forty thousand shares, the object being said to be an investment in up-town real estate. Some heavy transfers were made and the latest rumor was of a quarrel among the directors. About two hundred persons assembled to-day at 540 Broad street to form an Erie, or Independent Stock Board, at which a committee was appointed to draft a constitution.

Five-tharty Prices:—Cumberland, 36@ 37; Wells Express, 29@29½; American, 47½@48; Adams, 65¾@66; United States, 68¼; Merchants' Union, 18½@19½; Quicksilver, 23@23½; Canton, 60¾; Pacific Mail, 111½@112; Western Union Telegraph, 37½@37½; Hartford and Erie, 28; Mariposa, 7½@8; do preferred, 25½ @26; New York Central, 162⅜@162½; Erie, 36@36½; Hudson, 136; Harlem, 137@137½; Reading, 94½@94¾; Terre Haute, 40½@41; pref. 67@68; St. Paul, 64¾@65; preferred, 78¼@78½; Ft. Wayne 117@117½; Ohio and Mississippi, 35¼@ 35½; Michigan Central, 119¼@120; Michigan Southern, 92¾@93; Illinois Central, 138; Pittsburgh, 91¾@92; Toledo, 104½; Rock Island, 130¾@130¾; Northwestern, 83¼@83¾; do. preferred, 91½@91¾; Chicago and Alton, 156; pref. 157; Lake Shore, 102½; Marietta and Cincinnati pref. 23¼.

Mining Shares dull; Grass Valley, 42; Smith and Parmelee, 220.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Copper Falls, 15; Franklin, 16; Hecla, 70; Hancock, 3; Minnesota, 2; Quincy, 26; Cary improvement, 8; Water Power, 15¾; B. H. and E., 27¼.

Receipts at Sub-Treasury, $801,908; payments, $1,029,372; balance, $85,652,524.

Imports of specie for the week $459,-062.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, February 8.—Cotton less active and ¼c lower; sales of 12,000 bales at 30¼c for middling uplands. Flour receipts, 4,945 bbls and 1,321 bags. Flour irregular and unsettled; sales of 6,900 bbls at $5,65a$6,30 for superior State Western; $6,75a$7,10 for extra State; $6,50a$7,40 for extra Western; $7,50a$8,90 for extra $6,65a$8,75 for R. H. O.; $7,00a$8,50 for extra St. Louis; $9,00a$12,00 for choice. Rye flour dull; sales of 725 bbls at $5,21a $7,30. Corn meal quiet at $1,50 for Western. Whiskey steady; sales of 50 bbls of Western at $1,75. Wheat receipts, 1,205 bush. Wheat opened quiet and closed rather more active, and perhaps a shade firmer; sales of 52,000 bush at $1,59a$1,61 for No. 2 spring, delivered; $1,71 for No. 1 do. delivered: $1,65 for No. 1 and No. 2 do. mixed; $1,95a$2,00 for amber Michigan; $2,10 for white California; $2,15 for white Michigan. Rye quiet. Barley firmer at $8,35 for Canada West. Barley malt quiet. Corn, receipts 22,000 bush. Corn dull and heavy; sales of 30,000 bush at 87a90c for new mixed Western; 87c for white Western; 90c for white Southern, and 92a92½c yellow Southern. Oats receipts, 1,525 bush. Oats a shade firmer; sales of 60,000 bush at 75¼a76c for Western in store, and 78½c for North Western afloat. Stock grain in warehouse is as follows: wheat, 2,708,600 bush; corn, 1,407,649 bush; oats, 2,390,510 bush; rye, 225,182 bush; barley, 91,384; malt, 58,034 bush; peas, 57,867 bush. Rice is quiet and firm at 9¾a10½c for Carolina. Coffee is very firm with a fair demand; sales were made of 5,500 bags Rio on private terms. Sugar firm; 700 hhds Cuba sold at 10¾a 11¾c; also 30 boxes Havana sold at 11¾ a12¾c. Molasses dull and unsettled. Petroleum quiet at 23¼a24c for crude; 38c for refined, bonded. Hops steady at 6a16c for American. Linseed Oil firm at $1,04a1,06. Pork is a shade firmer and 650 bbls sold at $33,25a33,35 for new mess; $32,50 for old do; $26a27,50 for prime; $29,50a31 for prime mess; also 1,255 bbls new mess sold, March and April, at $33,-25. Beef is steady and 190 bbls sold at $9 a16,50 for new plain mess; $14a19,50 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef is quiet; 150 tierces sold at $27a32 for prime mess, $32a38 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet and 125 bbls sold at $30a34. Cut Meats are firm and 890 packages sold at 14a 14¾c for shoulders; 18c for hams. Dressed Hogs steady at 15a15½c for western; 15¾a16c for city; middles are quiet and 250 boxes sold at 17c for short ribbed; 16½c for Cumberland cut. Lard is a shade firmer: 350 tierces sold at 19¾a 21c for steam; 21a21¼c for kettle rendered; also sales were made of 2,250 tierces of steam, seller, April and May, at 21c, and seller, six months, at 20¾c. Butter is steady at 25a35c for Ohio. Cheese firm at 16a21c. Freights to Liverpool are dull and heavy; engagements are reported of 15,000 bush wheat and corn, per steam, at 6½d. and per sail of 1,200 bbls flour at 2s. 6d. Spirits Turpentine quiet at 56a 56½c.

Latest.—Flour closed unsettled and prices are generally disposed to favor purchasers. Wheat is firm with a moderate export demand, chiefly for No. 2 Spring. Rye is nominal at $1,48a1,50 for western. Oats dull at 75a75¼c for western in store. Corn is dull and heavy at 87a89c for new mixed western; old do. is nominal at $1,02 afloat and in store. Pork is firm at $33,37½ for new mess cash and regular, and $33,50 seller for March and April. Beef is firm with a fair demand. Cut meats are firm and in moderate demand. Bacon is firm at 16c for Cumberland cut. Lard is firm with sales of prime steam for April at 21¼c. Eggs are steady at 23a25c.

ST LOUIS, February 8.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Hemp and Cotton—nothing doing. Flour—low grades active and tending upwards; other grades are firm, with sales super at $5,25a5,15; extra at $6,25a6,75; double extra at $6,50a 7,50; treble extra to fancy at $8a10,50. Wheat—fall grades held above the views of buyers, and the market is dull; prime white sold at $1,65; choice red at $1,85; spring firm and in demand at $1,35a1,35 for No. 2, and $1,40 for No. 1. Corn held firmly at 72a73c for mixed and yellow; 73a75c for white. Oats quiet but firm at 64a66c; choice black for seed sold at 68a 70c. Barley quiet and firm, with sales choice Illinois spring at $2,10; fancy Minnesota at $2,35. Rye scarce and nigher at $1,27a1,30. Whisky easier at 92c. Pork active, and the market has advanced to $33,50a34. Bulk Meats strong and active, with large sales for future delivery; packed shoulders on spot sold at 13½, and clear sides at 17¼c; loose clear sides up the river, buyer for the month, sold at 17c; loose shoulders and hams to arrive at 13½a16c. Bacon stiff, with large sales for future delivery; city shoulders sold at 14¾, clear rib sides at 17¾, and clear sides at 18¼c. Sugar Cured Hams at 18a19c. Shoulders and Sides, buyer for March, at 15¼a18¾c. Lard quiet and very little doing, with sales prime tierce at 20¼c, nominally. Receipts—3,000 bbls flour, 35,000 bush wheat, 4,400 bush corn, 2,200 bush oats, 200 bush barley, 200 bus rye, 1,150 head hogs.

Hogs—small sales at $10,50a11,50. Cattle quiet and unchanged, with a fair local and moderate shipping demand for choice grades; prices range from 3½a4½c for inferior to common, 5a6c for fair to good, 6¼a7½c for choice to extra.

CLEVELAND, February 8.—Flour: no particular change in prices; city made; treble extra white $11a11,25; double extra amber $9,50a9,75; red amber $8,25a 8,50; double extra spring $7,75a8,00; country made; double extra red and amber $7,50a8,00. Wheat: double extra spring inactive and nominally unchanged; No. 1 red winter $1,65; No. 2 do. $1,55a1,56; No. 1 western spring $1,45 a1,48. Corn firmer but quiet; shelled held at 68¼a69c; ear at 65c on track. Oats quiet but firm; No. 1 State held at 62c. Rye quiet; No. 1 held at $1,30a1,32, and No. 2 at $1,25a1,28. Petroleum very firm and better; refined held at 35a36c in round lots; small lots 37a38c.

CINCINNATI, February 8.—Flour dull; family $7,25a7.50. Wheat inactive but nominally unchanged. Corn opened firm but closed dull at 64a65c. Rye quiet at $1,40. Oats quiet at 63a64c. Barley firm at $2,25a2,40 for Canada, $2,35a2,45 for fall. Cotton less firm and lower, middling at 28¾a29c. Whisky dull and prices nominal at 91c. Linseed Oil dull at $1,06a1,07. Lard Oil firm and in good demand at $1,65a1,70. Petroleum active and firm at 35a37 for refined. Mess Pork in speculative demand; prices advanced to $33,50; held at $36. Bulk Meats firm, shoulders 13½a13¾c, sides 15¾c. Bacon higher, shoulders 15c, clear rib sides 16½c, clear sides 18½c; but little out of smoke and holders ask ¼c higher this afternoon. Lard firm; sales at 20½c; but 21c is the price generally asked. Sugar cured hams at 19a19½c, and the demand is good. Butter steady, fresh 28a33c. Eggs dull at 20a21c. Gold 135 buying. Exchange dull at 1-10 per cent. buying. The money market is quiet at 10a12 per cent.

NEW YORK, February 8.—*Cattle Market*—Receipts of the week, 5,506 beeves; 31,485 sheep and lambs; 11,844 hogs. The market for beef cattle ruled quite steady, with a moderate demand from date of our last report to the latter part of the week, when it was moderately active and heavy at 16a17c for inferior to extra steers. To-day's offerings about 2,600 head, and prices heavy at 10a 17c, with moderate demand, chiefly for better grades. The bulk of the offerings was common to fair and we quote extra at 17c, prime 16¼a16½c, fair to good 15a 16c, ordinary 12a14¼c, inferior 10a12c. Sheep and Lambs—market has been quite steady and fair demand, chiefly for good stock and moderate receipts. To-day's arrivals at all yards were moeerate and the demand being fair the market was firm at 7¾a9c; among the sales were 130 head of Michigan sheep. Swine—owing to the light arrivals, the market last week, was dull but firmer; closing Saturday at 12¼ a12¾. To-day's arrivals being about 5,500 head and prices firmer, 12½a13c being demanded for common to prime grades, dressed firm at 15a15½c for western and 15¾a16c for city.

TOLEDO, February 8.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet; amber ½a1c lower; sales at $1,68 on spot; $1,75 buyer for the month; white Michigan regular, at $1,70; No. 1 red Wabash, $1,57; No. 1 spring, $1,40. Corn—new unchanged, at 66½c; rejected a shade lower, at 64¾c; market closing rather weak. Oats firm, at 60a60½c; closing at inside price. Rye firm and unchanged; No. 1 at $1,30; Michigan at $1,28. Barley higher; sales of Canada at $2,15; State nominal and unchanged. Dressed hogs held at 14a14½c; no buyers.

BALTIMORE, February 8.—Flour is nominal. Wheat is dull, with sales of Pennsylvania red at $1,75a1,85. Corn; the market is firm, and sales were made of prime white at 88a94c, and yellow at 87a89c. Oats firm and prime is held at 75c. Rye is firm at $1,30a1,55. Mess Pork is firm at $33. Bacon is firm with sales of rib sides at 17¾a18c, clear do. at 18@a19c, shoulders at 15¾a16c, and hams at 20c. Lard is quiet at 21c.

LOUISVILLE, February 8.—Sales of 43 hhds Tobacco; new lugs to medium leaf, $5,00a12,00. Cotton, 29c. Mess Pork, $33. Lard, 20¼a21c. Bulk Meats; shoulders, 14¼c; clear rib sides, 17½c; clear sides, 17¾c. Bacon; shoulders, 15¼c. clear rib sides, 18¼c; clear sides, 18½c; all packed. Superfine Flour, $5,75a6,25, Wheat, $1,70a1,75. Corn, 60a63c. Oats, 63c. Rye, $1,43a1,46. Whiskey dull at 95c.

MILWAUKEE, February 8.—Flour more active; prices firm and unchanged. Wheat firm and a shade higher, at $1,19½ for No. 1, and $1,14 for No. 2. Oats scarce and firm at 54c for No. 2 fresh. Corn unchanged at 59¼ for new. Rye firm at $1,12 for No. 1. Barley scarce and higher at 82 for fair delivered. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Dressed Hogs steady at $14a14,75.

MEMPHIS, February 8.—Cotton irregular at 28¼a29c; receipts, 2,187 bales; exports 3,385 bales. Flour quiet; superfine $7a7,50. Corn 72a73c. Oats 80c. Hay $25. Bran $24a25. Corn Meal $3,25. Pork $34. Lard 21a22½c. Bulk Meats firm; shoulders 14a14½c; sides 17¾c. Dressed Hogs 13¼a14c.

PHILADELPHIA, February 8.—Flour dull but steady. Wheat dull; red $1,60a 1,75; amber $1,85a1,90. Rye $1,55a1,60. Corn firmer; new yellow 80. Oats firmer; western 72a75. Petroleum unchanged. Crude 28; refined 37¼a37¾. Provisions unchanged. Whisky nominal 97a$1,00.

BUFFALO, February 8.—Flour inactive. Oats without demand. Rye nominal. Seed firm. Corn—good demand for new; sales of 25 cars at 75a80c on track. Pork firm at $33,00a$33,50. High wines neglected.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, February 8.—3 cars iron ore, Hussey, Wells & Co; 50 bbls flour, John Greer & Co; 25 do do, Dan Wallace; 35 do do, E Heazleton; 90 bbls spirits, Hostetter & Smith; 1 car middlings, H M Henderson & Co; 1 car bran, F G Craighead; 100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car wheat, Scott & Gisal; 55 bbls highwines, Wm Carr; 12 cars barley, Spencer & McKay; 50 bbls highwines, M McCullough Jr & Co; 1 car middlings, Brown & Williams; 400 bbls flour, owner; 1 car oats, Graham & Marshalt; 67 bgs rye, 194 do oats, Keil & Ritehart; 55 bbls highwines, Rodelheim & Affelder; 10 bxs soap, W A Clenand; 3 pkgs tallow, 1 bx beeswax, H Rea Jr; 4 kegs butter, Felzer & Armstrong; 11 bbls pearls, S Harbaugh & Co; 68 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 4 doz brooms, Haworth & Dewhurst; 1 car barley, McHenry & Hood; 55 bbls highwines, S McCrickert & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, February 8.—3 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 2 do do, Reese, Graff & Dull; 3 cars pig iron, Graff, Bennett & Co; 2 cars rye, Thos Moore & Son; 50 bbls oil, John Spear; 1 car clay, S M Kier; 1 car oats, B Rafferty; 130 bf bbls herring, J S Dilworth & Co; 1 bx axles, Lippincott & B; 15 cases tobacco, Atwell & Lee; 4 do handles, B H Lauffman & Bro; 6 pkgs sewing machine tables and covers, Carson & Bro; 221 sks oats, R C Henderson; 1 keg wheat, 1 bbl flour, Dunlevy & Bro; 4 bbls flour, Totten & Co; 6 do oatmeal, 1 kg pearl barley, J A Renshaw; 5 bbls oatmeal, Strickler & Morledge; 10 do green apples, Vangorder & Shepard; 11 firkins butter, P Duff & Son; 49 sks corn, H Rea Jr; 27 sacks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 1 box tiles, Hubbard Bros & Co; 100 bbls flour, Morrison & Devol.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, February 8.—2 cars metal, John Moorhead; 1 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 56 sks oats, Graham & Co; 146 bags rye, Gay & Welsh; 6 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 138 bgs oats, 13 do flaxseed, J W Thursby; 136 sks oats, 6 do wheat, 49 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 144 sks corn, Blaney & Moore; 134 do wheat, Bingham & Laing; 25 do oats, Adams & Austin; 100 do do, Bricker & Co; 1,000 bbls oil, Jas Mawhinney & Bro; 240 do do, D M Edgerton; 280 do do, Fisher & Bro; 80 do do, W Wilson; 50 do do, R T Leech.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, February 8.—350 bxs glass, J B Floyd; 3 kgs lard, 2 bbls butter, Head & Metzgar; 1 pkg mdse, Harris & Ewing; 1 bbl eggs, E H Myers & Co; 154 boxes axes, McBane & Anjer; 5 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 100 bxs bitters, Hartman & Co; 41 bgs corn, 9 do oats, D A Thompson; 100 bdls paper, Hostetter & Smith.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, February 8.—1 car metal, John Moorhead; 18 rolls leather, M Delenge; 1 car wood, F Huskins; 18 rolls leather, F McLaughlin; 50 kegs powder, Runk & Odell; 35 bbls cement, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 car tan bark, Lappe & Weise.

RIVER NEWS.

The river appeared to be about at a stand last evening, with five feet six inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather soft and cloudy, with indications of rain; it thawed freely nearly all day, and if the thaw was general, we should not be surprised to see it result in a rise in our rivers.

The arrivals since, the date of our last report, include the Julia No. 2, from Zanesville, Grey Eagle, from Parkersburg, and the Wananita, from New Orleans.

The New York, from Nashville, the Maggie Hays, from St. Louis, and the Armenia, from New Orleans, are among the first boats due.

The insurance companies here settled with the owners of the ill-fated steamer J. N. McCullough last week, paying them the full amount for which she was insured, $85,000. The parties at Madison who undertook to raise her, have been successful, and the enterprise, to them, has been anything but profitable.

The Julia No. 2, Capt. Coulson, leaves for Zanesville to-day at 4 P. M.

The Kate Putnam, Capt. G. W. Reed, is filling up slowly for Nashville, as is also the Wild Duck, Capt. Anawalt for St. Louis.

The Sallie, Capt. Thos. S. Calhoun, is announced to leave for Cincinnati and Louisville this evening.

The high headed Glendale, Capt. John M. Hare, will leave for St. Louis on Thursday without fail. She is one of the best boats in the trade, and passengers and shippers should bear her in mind. The veteran, Capt. Jas. Mellon, still retains charge of the office.

—January seems to have had a mysterious faitlity about it for steamboats and steamboatmen on the Western waters. Seventeen boat disasters occurred, and six prominent steamboatmen died.

—A Louisville paper says: We understand that the rumors that capitalists would take the canal of the hands of the government has opened the eyes of Senators, and there is a light possibility of the canal appropriation being made.

—A colored gentleman, named Frank Norman, who has a lively sense of his own rights, has brought suit for $10,000 damages against the Carrie Brooks, because he was not permitted to sit down at the table and eat with white people on that steamer.

—On the trip before the last of the Alice Dean, coming up, she had about 100 tons to discharge at Louisville, and several of her deck crew jumped the boat at that place. One of them was arrested afterward for vagrancy in that city, and, on being taken before the City Court, reported that he had been put ashore by the Alice Dean. Thereupon the Court entered a fine against the boat of $100 for having put ashore a pauper at that place. The fine was afterward annulled in order to give the boat a hearing in the matter, and the case is set for a hearing to-day. The Louisville officials proposed to dismiss the case, if the boat would pay the costs, which amount to $10, but Captain Shunk refused to pay it.

River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, February 8.—River rising, with eight feet seven inches in the canal. Weather cloudy and mild.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The splendid Passenger Packet
GLENDALE.....Capt. JOHN M. HARE,
Will leave as announced above, on THURSDAY, 11th inst., at 4 P.M. positively.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
fe9 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The steamer
SALLIE.....Capt. T. S. CALHOUN,
Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on TUESDAY, 9th inst., at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JNO. FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
fe6 GURIEST & HASLETT, Agents.

PITTSBURGH & ST. LOUIS BARGE CO.—FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The powerful towboat
WILD DUCK AND BARGES, Capt. J. W. ANAWALT,
Will leave as announced above, on TUESDAY, 9th inst.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
fe3 CHARLES BARNES, Agent.

FOR CLARKSVILLE AND NASHVILLE.—The fine steamer
KATE PUTNAM.....Capt. G. W. REED,
Will leave for the above ports on TUESDAY, the 9th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK,
fe2 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, Marietta and Parkersburg Line.
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WASTE OF HYDRANT WATER.
The undersigned deems it his duty to inform consumers of Hydrant Water in the city of Pittsburgh that extensive and highly important changes in the machinery at the Lower Water Works will require, for the present, careful use and strict prevention of the waste of water.
Rail road companies and other large consumers must use strict economy in use of water for all purposes, and the use of all street washers and fire plugs, except in case of fire, must be suspended until further notice.
JOSEPH FRENCH,
fe3 Superintendent Water Works.

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RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

On and after TUESDAY, November, 17th, 1868, trains will arrive at and depart from the Depot corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrives.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 A. M.	6:00 P. M.
McKeesport Accomd'n	11:00 A. M.	2:05 P. M.
Ex. to and from Unt'n.	3:00 P. M.	10:10 A. M.
West Newton Accom'd	4:30 P. M.	8:35 A. M.
Braddock's Accomdt'n.	6:15 P. M.	7:50 P. M.
Night Ac. to McK'sport.	10:30 P. M.	6:45 A. M.
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 P. M.	10:00 A. M.

For tickets apply to
J. R. KING, Agent
W. B. STOUT, Superintendent. no20

CHANGE OF TIME.
ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD,
On and after MONDAY, November 9th, 1868, TWO TRAINS DAILY will leave Pittsburgh Station, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.		ARRIVE IN PITTSBURGH	
Mail	7:15 a m	Mail	5:40 p m
Express	7:10 p m	Express	6:30 a m
Brady's B Ac	3:00 p m	Brady's B Ac	10:30 a m
1st Soda Works Accomd	10:50 a m	1st Soda Works Accomod'n.	8.20 a m
2d Soda Works Accomod'n.	5:00 p m	2d Soda Works Accomod'n.	3:40 p m

Church Train leave Pittsburgh at 1:10 P. M. Arrive at Pittsburgh at 9:50 A. M.
Passengers taking express train have but one change of cars between Pittsburgh, Buffalo and Oil Regions. Mail and Express Trains stop only at principal points. Mixed Way and Accommodatiod trains stop at all stations.
THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Sup't.
W. FOSTER HOPE, Ticket Agent. no9

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.
PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY Nov. 22d, 1868, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
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By the week (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " " and one to Agent.	1.15

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1869.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris, Miscellany. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Mercantile, Financial and River News, Market, Imports. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household, Letter from Tennessee, Amusement Directory.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 80¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 59@59½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 135⅜.

THE Parkersburg *Times* is to be congratulated upon the decided improvement in its mechanical aspect. Next to their own industry, the good people of Parkersburg will owe most to that of the *Times*, and should uphold their own journal heartily.

EFFORTS ARE already being made to induce the belief in the public mind that KAUFFMAN, the boy-murderer, is insane and not accountable for his terrible deed of blood. Hanging is an excellent remedy for the kind of insanity which moved him to commit the crime.

THE DEMOCRATIC majority in the Ohio Legislature are agreed, among themselves, to keep political prejudices out of legislation so far as compatible with imperative duties to the party. The explanation for this virtuous resolve is found in the rising influence of a non-partisan lobby, which tempts these politicians into a more inviting field.

THE RAILWAY SYSTEM of the Union comprehends forty-two thousand miles of road actually built and in running order. Of this aggregate, Pennsylvania has 4,397 miles, or more than ten per cent., and largely in advance of any sister State. The twenty thousand six hundred and forty-five miles of road now projected and under construction lie, for the most part, in the new States and Territories.

THE HOUSE, discussing the army appropriation bill, is likely to amend it by cutting down the figures as first reported by some ten millions of dollars. With the experience of last year before members, it is to be presumed that the retrenchments of this session will not need to be represented in next year's Deficiency bill. In recommending the reduction of the army by ten thousand men, the Military Committee declare their opinion that, in our new President, one man quite makes good this abatement of the rank and file.

THE immunity from accident on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway has won for its management the highest praise and largest measure of confidence of the traveling millions. It appears from the statement of the Ohio Commissioner of Railroads that the Company has two hundred and fifty-one miles of road in Ohio, and is literally an "arterial line," and yet out of the 1,310,000 passengers—no doubt 800,000 of whom were in cars in Ohio—only one was killed and two injured, all of whom by their own fault. To this, be it added, only one employee of the Company was killed during the year.

THE country is indebted to some one for the consolidation of the pending applications for subsidy to Pacific railways into one general bill. Whether this was the work of the friends or of the opponents to the subsidy-policy, it is equally to the public advantage that the broadest range of the proposed mortgage upon the Treasury should be plainly declared at once. This one bill gives the guarantee of the public faith to a corporate indebtedness of *one hundred and forty-four millions of dollars.* That is easily understood; the bill makes it palpable to all comprehensions. The people will make an issue equally plain with that Senator or Representative who gives his vote for this measure, in disregard of their plainly manifest disapproval.

THE PUBLIC DEBT was increased during January by the sum of $15,418,456.83, that is the total of outstanding obligations was increased in the sum of $10,000,000, and the cash resources were diminished about $5,000,000. The additional debt is mainly without interest, a small part only bearing currency interest, and $1,000,000 being to railroad bonds. The further issue of gold-bearing six per cents., apart from the railway demand, seems to have ceased, that item showing only a few thousands of increase over the previous report. The large amount, $7,000,000, of debt bearing no interest, and most of which awaits payment, and the reduced balance of cash on hand, seem to render a reduction of the total debt impossible during the current month.

IMPORTANT MEETING.

Mayor BRUSH elsewhere publishes a call for a meeting of citizens and others interested in the uninterrupted navigation of the Ohio river, to be held at the Mayor's Office to-morrow at ten o'clock. The Committee of citizens charged with bringing the subject of short span bridge obstructions on that river before the National Legislature, will be present at the meeting to report the progress of their labors. Unless vigorous action on the part of those interested in the Ohio is at once taken, Congress will hardly take any more notice of the matter at the present session, and if it is suffered to be postponed damages will be wrought in the completion of short span bridges now under construction. Let there be generous attendance, as the free and unimpeded navigation of that great artery of trade is of vast consequence to every person interested in the business prosperity of the city.

WHERE THE PINCH IS.

We shall know something about the new Cabinet by the close of the present week. At present, all speculations upon its *personnel* are the merest conjecture. Public opinion very generally agrees that the War and Navy Departments will be filled by General SCHOFIELD and Admiral PORTER, respectively. Of course, Gen. SHERMAN, at the army headquarters, will also occupy a confidential position. But, with two of the seven Cabinet offices thus disposed of, speculations as to the remainder diverge widely, and the names of the suppositious candidates are legion. The friends of every aspiring politician in the land are industriously at work to make public opinion in behalf of their favorites, and against all rivals.

SCHOFIELD is expected to retain the War Office, because he deservedly enjoys the personal confidence of GRANT himself, as well as the trusts of the new President's Republican supporters. His official career has given entire satisfaction to all parties, and not the remotest reason could be offered to justify a change. Certainly, it could not be urged upon the unfounded charge that, either as officer or citizen, Gen. SCHOFIELD has been in any way besmirched with the offensive stain of Johnsonism. Moreover, it is considered decisive as to these departments, that Gen. GRANT has committed himself to the position that the Naval and War Offices should be filled from the professions most deeply interested in their efficient administration.

The country would be less at a loss to anticipate the composition of the Cabinet at large, if we could boast of any statesmen possessing such marked capacity, and enjoying so preeminently the public confidence, as to lead the general judgment directly from each office to that citizen who, of all others, should, by the common consent, be held the most fit for the place. Time was, when the vacant Treasury was given at once, with an universal acquiescence, to HAMILTON or GALLATIN, and any other choice would then have astonished their countrymen. But all that is changed now. We have no great financier of merit so conspicuous as to command the general respect, and whom the Treasury would await as a matter of course; no publicist of such eminent ability and wide experience, in foreign and domestic affairs, that the charge of our public diplomacy is assigned to him by the unanimous voice of his countrymen. Perhaps ADAMS or MOTLEY would be more acceptable in the State Department than any others of the score who have been named, but, whatever the real merits of these gentlemen, an expectant public eye has not yet singled them out to this end.

The field of American politics swarms with public men of insatiable ambition, supported by barely moderate capacities, but inflamed by the inexplicable good fortune which has thrown them just now into the lead in National affairs. There are two score of great men in the Halls of Congress to-day, who, instead of themselves wondering how they got there, or of appreciating the dazed surprise of a country which understands the mystery no better, look upon the lucky accidents of local politics as the infallible proofs of their own vast abilities, and aspire to still more influential stations. In or out of Congress, the two parties which divided last year's popular vote might be raked with a fine comb, to find a scant dozen of thoroughly bred and altogether capable statesmen. Of all that clamorous mob of our self-constituted leaders, how few can trace a brilliant public record back to periods anterior to the Rebellion! The civil commotions and the fearful struggle of 1861-'65 threw a froth to the top which subsides very slowly, but, let us be thankful for it! very surely, while the substantial merit which long years of peace had witnessed, or which, here and there, the Rebellion itself had evolved, will be more and more pre-eminently displayed, as the great tide of National affairs regains the old and peaceful channel.

Himself a wonderful exception from such criticism, General GRANT has exhibited, in the brief but eventful years which have sufficed to convince the world of his extraordinary fitness for great affairs, an unerring penetration and accuracy of judgment in his selection of the right men to co-operate with him and to execute his purposes. In the field, the General never made a mistake in that direction; in the War Office and at headquarters, the public voice has given a unanimous approval to his judgment in every case. Name but one unworthy officer, military or civil, who has enjoyed and abused the confidence of our new President! You would seek in vain for the exception, in the records of the past eight years. We can safely rely, then, in this matter of the Cabinet, as in that of his entire administration, upon the prudence of a man who has yet to make his first blunder, and upon that discriminating sagacity which never yet mistook a fiction of any sort for a fact. We may depend, therefore, upon his doing always the best that is possible under the circumstances, and with the material at his command.

AN ADMIRABLE SPECTACLE.

Less than four weeks remain for the present session of Congress, which began two months since. Convening close upon the heels of an election of great interest, and expected, as it was, to face many prominently offensive features in the public situation, this Congress has earned, by its forbearing magnanimity, good opinions in the most unexpected quarters.

The friends of free trade and European industry discover that, in expecting the adoption by this Congress of any policy for the more perfect protection of American labor, they were needlessly alarmed.

A political party, which has so far thriven by illegal practices as to owe its very existence to-day to its traditional frauds upon the suffrage, was, about the beginning of December, justly apprehensive that Congress would weakly yield to the tide of popular indignation, and do something with the naturalization laws—which would impair the immemorial Democratic privilege of converting raw foreigners, less than ninety days from their native land, into good and lawful voters through the corrupt connivance of the State and Federal Courts. But Congress shows itself equal to the situation, and the Democracy gratefully appreciate the generosity which declines to rob even an enemy of his time-honored rights.

The old rebel aristocracy of Virginia, the Ku-Klux assassins of the South-west, the defiant traitors of Georgia and Louisiana, and a hundred thousand unhung traitors in Texas very foolishly gave themselves up to a panic last November, under the threat, from some inconsiderate quarter, that the ensuing Congress would meet the loyal sentiment of the nation by enacting suitable remedies for the mischiefs which made half the Southern States uninhabitable by known supporters of the Federal authority. Here, again, our Congress dares to be self-denying, and not yet by one single act, or by one solitary vote, attests its sympathy with a sentiment so shockingly vindictive as to demand the safety of the innocent, in the punishment or the repression of the guilty.

We might thus multiply the proofs which have won, for the closing session of the XLth Congress, the grateful plaudits of every enemy, in this land, to home industry, to a pure suffrage, to the supremacy of Federal law over rebel opposition, or even to the bare security of the citizen in his property, liberty or life. We might even add that the same Congressional forbearance has given the liveliest satisfaction to more than one admiring and much-profited people of Europe.

We don't like to be premature in our congratulations, but, as it looks now, we may be reasonably safe in promising to all of these good friends (over the left) of ours, foreign and domestic, that the XLth Congress will fight it out, on this line of self-sacrificing and high-toned magnanimity, if it takes all the small residue of the session. There may be much harsh talk, from a few rash, hot-headed, inconsiderate members, but there really does not appear to be the faintest shadow of any danger, that the majority will consent to any such invidious legislation as shall justify the apprehensions of December, or dash the hopes of February.

COUNTING OUT.

The two Houses of Congress meet in the Representatives' Hall at 1 P. M. to-morrow, to count the Electoral votes of 1868. The ceremony will be brief and formal, unless exception be taken to the count of the votes from Georgia and Louisiana. But it is hardly possible that the Georgia vote, at least, will be canvassed. Senators who deny, and justly, the title of that State to a voice in their body, will stultify themselves in according sovereign rights as a State to her in any capacity. The occasion will be scarcely compatible with a prolonged discussion on that point; and as a majority of the House are clearly with the Senate in the opinion, we presume that the votes claimed for Georgia will be withheld from the tellers. As for Louisiana, her vote is no more likely to be excluded than that of New York; the certified majority in each case is undoubtedly fictitious, but no suitable measures have been taken to present the evidence adequately impeaching the popular authority behind the respective Electoral Colleges, and the Joint Convention may, therefore, be expected to waive the question in both cases.

After the votes are counted and the results announced by the presiding officers' order will be taken for the notification to the President and the Vice President elect, and with that the business of the day will close. With that official notification, probably on Thursday, will follow an early disclosure of the new President's selections for the various Departments. With the close of all the electoral preliminaries, and not before, will properly come the first of his official declarations.

SPAIN, CUBA AND SLAVERY.

The Spanish Cortes, or Congress, meets on the 11th, Thursday next, and will consider the new Constitution which the Provisional Government are ready to submit. This instrument will contain a clause abolishing human slavery throughout the Spanish possessions. That article will be ratified by an almost unanimous vote.

The result has been clearly foreseen by the Cuban insurgent slaveholders, who are fighting not for liberty, but against it, not against Spain, but against the Spanish abolition of this peculiar institution of their island, for Cuban independence with slavery preserved, and not for the annexation to that Republic whose example, of Liberty for all men, Spain now follows. The insurrection still keeps its head, but must eventually yield to the Spanish authority, and with that submission the end of Cuban slavery is written.

Only Portugal and Brazil will then remain, to uphold that accursed standard of barbarism and cruelty. Those governments also must speedily yield to the imperative sentiment of Christendom, so that the day is not far off when the personal liberty of man, of every race and birth, shall be recognized by civilization all over the globe.

Washington Items.

The Reconstruction Committee having examined ex-Governor Brown and other persons from Mississippi, who called to be heard in their case, will make their report on Wednesday. It is understood there will be two reports, the majority being against the admission of the State with the present constitution. Judge Bingham and some other members of the Committee will make a minority report in favor of her admission, with certain restrictions which the Legislature is to carry out before she will be admitted. The last meeting of the Committee on the Georgia case will also be held to-morrow. It is expected a resolution will be presented by the Committee, declaring that as Georgia has not been reconstructed under the law of Congress, she is not entitled to representation in the House. The manner of reorganizing the State will be left for the action of the next Congress.

For some time the House Committee on the revision of the laws have been preparing a bill to amend the naturalization laws of the United States. Two bills on the subject have been prepared, the principal point of difference being that in one bill it is proposed that the subject of naturalization shall be left in the United States Courts, while in the other it is proposed to place the matter with the highest District Courts in the States, whether these be United States Courts or otherwise. It is probably the leading features of these will be incorporated in a new bill to be hereafter drawn by the Committee, and the members expect to get some measure through during the present Congress.

The Committee of the Senate on Post-Offices and Roads have not as yet agreed on any report whatever on the subject of the telegraph; and have not even come to any conclusion as to the general policy of Mr. Hubbard's bill.

The Military Bill.

It is stated that the details of the proposed bill for the reduction of the army, agreed on by the House Military Committee, is as follows: First, consolidate quartermaster, commissary and pay departments into one, the department to be called Department of Supply. Second, consolidate the ordnance and artillery into one corps. Third, reduce the number of infantry regiments from forty-five to thirty. Fourth, no more Brigadier Generals of the line to be appointed beyond the present number, thus abolishing two commissions now vacant. Fifth, no more Brigadier Generals to be appointed on staff, except chief of supply department. Sixth, to abolish regimental commissaries of subsistence for cavalry. Seventh, reduce the number of non-commissioned officers in each regiment. Eighth, abolish brevet ranks. Ninth, the term of enlistment to be five years. Tenth, the mode of reduction to be by absorption; that is, in military phrase, by casualty, expiration of term of enlistment, discharge, disability, dismissal, resignation, &c. Eleventh, all staff departments to be reduced in the number of their officers. No new appointments to be made either from West Point or civil life, until this reduction is accomplished, which, it is estimated, will require two years. The number of officers thus cut off is about six hundred. The measure is proposed under a suspension of the rules, as an amendment to the Army Appropriation Bill.

The Acquisition of Cuba.

The New York *Herald* argues that from events transpiring in Cuba; a policy of American intervention is imperatively forced upon the incoming administration. Spain should be impressed with the conviction that she will not be permitted to destroy an American community because it refuses to be governed by her antiquated notions of public policy. In adopting this course, General Grant has the opportunity to lay the corner stone of the coming Great American Party in our national politics on foundations as broad and secure as were those laid by Jefferson and Jackson. The tone and temper of the people require such a party organization which shall ignore old party lines, and be free from old party corruptions. The circumstances of our public affairs, both domestic and foreign, are favorable to it, and General Grant himself has the prestige necessary for its successful accomplishment. The initial step is involved in the Cuban question and General Grant should be prepared to give it an early and prompt recognition.

MR. GROW'S injuries by the accident on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad were not of a serious character. He was on his way to his home in Susquehanna county from Harrisburg, where he had just attended a meeting of the State Central Committee. The rear car of the train was thrown down an embankment ten feet in height, and made a complete revolution. The stove broke loose from its fastenings and set fire to the car. Mr. Grow was at the stove, and had a narrow escape from being fatally burned. None of the passengers were seriously injured. Mr. Grow's clothing was nearly burned from his person.

A VERY LARGE and fashionable audidience was present at the opening of Mr. Edwin Booth's theatre in New York Wednesday evening. The play selected was "Romeo and Juliet;" but before it had commenced Mr. Booth made his appearance before the audience, and in a few well selected remarks referred to the calamity which nearly two years ago deprived the community of his services, and of his subsequent resolve to build a theatre worthy of the metropolis and the drama. The play then proceeded. Of course the inevitable waits attending a first night, marred in some measure the beauty of the performance, but the general verdict seems to be one of success. Mr. Booth divided the favor of the audience with Mr. Edwin Adams, and both were called before the curtain. Miss McVicker's Juliet was injured by timidity. She wore a white satin skirt, looped with pearls, and cut pompadour, trimmed with silver bullion fringe; a pearl necklace and a tiara of diamonds, and her long black hair flowing. The scenery is described as absolutely perfect. Some fault is found with the theatre itself, which, "though a splendid triumph of upholstery and mechanical contrivance, is not in any high sense a work of art. The most glaring defect is a want of a lobby-room.

THE temperance movement at Howell, Mich., has engrossed the attention of the most prominent men in the place. In compliance with a requst of a committee appointed for the purpose, the saloons have been nominally closed, but are still accessible by the back doors. To remedy this at the last public meeting an organization was formed to be known as the "Citizens' Temperance Society." A stock company was formed to defray the expenses of prosecution, and shares taken at $25 each to the amount of $2,025, two per cent. down, and the remainder to be paid if needed.

THE Crown-Prince of Prussia intends to sell his model farm. The experiment did not prove successful. Neither the Prince nor his wife care much for life in the country; and as the model farm cost the Prince about fifty thousand dollars a year, with very unsatisfactory returns, he wishes to get rid of it.

NEW YORK CITY.

Gen. Grant—Burnside Expedition Society—Females to be Employed as Compositors—Whisky Fraud Cases—The Ice Supply.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, February 8, 1869.

General Grant, after driving to the Park and visiting the Union League rooms, received the Republican General Committee this afternoon at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. There was no speech making, and after the members of the Committee had been formally introduced and had shaken hands with the General the latter withdrew.

The military and naval officers of Gen. Burnside's North Carolina expedition met here at noon and organized permanently the "Society of the Burnside Expedition and Ninth Army Corps." General Burnside was chosen President, General J. G. Parke Vice President, General Louis Richmond Secretary, and General D. R. Larned Treasurer. On motion of General Burnside all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors of the expedition were admitted to membership. The first annual dinner of the Society took place at the Fifth Avenue Hotel to-night. Among the officers present were Major General John G. Foster, of the regular army, and Generals Cox, Wilcox, Griffin and Hartranft.

The employing printers held a meeting to-day and resolved to continue resistance to the strike of the book printers and employ females as compositors.

In the United States Circuit Court to-day, Watson and Crary, defendants in a whisky case, did not appear and their bonds were declared forfeited and warrants issued for their arrest. Ex-Collector Callaghan's case, with others, were postponed.

A movement is on foot in this city to unite the various French societies throughout the United States and Canada.

The brig Brillant, from Cape Fear river with rosin and turpentine, was lost in a storm January 28th. The second mate, Asa Bryant, was drowned and the Captain and crew were rescued from the wreck by the steamship Europa and brought to this port.

Contrary to the general belief a full ice crop has already been gathered and at less expense than last year, and the supply for New York will be abundant next summer.

Two men committed a bold robbery at half past seven o'clock this evening in Benedict's jewelry store, 691 Broadway. One smashed a plate glass window and the other seized a tray of diamond rings valued at $10,000. The rings were scattered, but the robbers escaped with $1,900 worth.

James Tallent, one of the party in custody on suspicion of having murdered Mr. Rogers, was this evening discharged on his own recognizance.

Lower California Advices—Arrest of Bandits—Damage and Loss of Life by Floods.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, February 8.—The steamer John L. Stephens, from Mazatlan, has arrived with advices to January 31st, and bringing one hundred and twenty-five thousand Mexican dollars.

General Gutierrez, the bandit, has been captured and was imprisoned at Durango, awaiting trial for a number of highway robberies. Two officers, supposed to be his accomplices, were arrested at Mazatlan, and $5,000 dollars in coin and a quantity of valuable jewelry recovered. A conspiracy to rob the mint at Mazatlan, containing $200,000, was frustrated by the authorities.

Heavy rains had prevailed throughout the State of Sonora. The rivers overflowed, inundating the country, destroying several villages entirely and extensively damaging many others. The loss of life is not known, but it is feared it is great. Of one family not a soul escaped. The people sought high land and tree tops, whence they were rescued by boats. A fund for the immediate relief of the sufferers is being raised. Great suffering must result to the poorer classes on account of the destruction of new crops.

San Francisco News.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, February 6.—The steamer Golden Age, for Panama, sailed to-day with seven hundred and thirty-nine thousand dollars in treasure—New York one hundred thousand, England six hundred and nineteen thousand, and Panama twenty thousand.

Hong Kee, a Chinaman, victimized several San Francisco merchants to the extend of eighteen thousand dollars, and sailed for China on Thursday's steamer. Telegrams have been sent to Hong Kong via Ceylon to arrest him and recover the goods.

The revenue steamer Wayanda, from Sitka, has arrived.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Ex-Gov. Hubbard, of Maine, died in his office, at Hallowell, on Saturday.

—Rev. Father Peters, pastor of Trinity Church, in Detroit, Michigan, died Saturday morning of small pox.

—Mr. Jno. A. Whittal, a prominent resident of Waterbury, Conn., and manager of Great Brook Woolen Company, died suddenly in the First Congregational Church, Sunday afternoon, from a stroke of apoplexy.

—The contract for completing the gap in the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad has been awarded to Sarvin & Sickles, of New York, who obligate themselves to complete it by the first of next February.

—Senator Fuller is prepared to introduce another railroad restriction bill in the Illinois Legislature that will be equally binding upon railroads, and assert the power of the State to regulate and control tariff rates.

—The excitement over the sudden death of cattle at Fishkill Plains, N. Y., has subsided. The four that died were found by a stream of water, having been poisoned. The remainder of Mr. Haight's cattle are in a healthy condition.

—Advices from Bolivia state that a serious revolution had broken out, and though the revolutionists had been twice defeated by the government forces, they were daily receiving reinforcements and the final result was considered doubtful.

—Two sudden deaths occurred on Saturday evening in Chicago. P. C. Farrell, a clerk in the Galena Division of the Northwestern Railroad Company's office, died of apoplexy, and Mrs. James C. Frazer, who lived at No. 84 East White street, died of palpitation of the heart.

—It has been ascertained, in the investigation now progressing, that a large banking house in Wall street, New York, which has branch houses in St. Louis and Philadelphia, has been using a specific capital in its business without making any return or paying taxes thereon.

—The Memphis *Avalanche* publishes a letter from Major General W. S. Harney, stating Major St. George Harney, recently shot by the Arkansas militia, was an adopted son of his, and that his remains, which were buried here, will be taken to Alexandria, Va., his native place, for interment.

—The large whisky distillery of J. N. Fowler, of Cincinnati, was taken possession of by United States Collector McGoarty on Friday last, together with spirits and beer in process of manufacture, amounting in the aggregate to about eight hundred barrels, for alleged violation of the Internal Revenue law.

—By an accident to the eastern bound passenger train on the Missouri and Pacific Railroad, on Saturday night last, at Smithton, Charles Brownell, the engineer, was fatally injured, and Henry Buckhart, the fireman, and another man on the locomotive, seriously injured. The accident was caused by a switch having been left open.

—The House of the Alabama Legislature have adopted a resolution to submit the question of the eligibility of colored members to the Court, but a bill instructing the Judiciary Committee to bring the matter before the Court immediately was voted down, as also was a motion pledging the honor of the House to abide by the decision of the Court.

—A letter from Palmyra, in the State of Cauca, Republic of Colombia, says the flag of the American Consulate was hauled down and torn to pieces by the natives, and that previous thereto a native attempted Consul Elder's life. He was knocked down by the Consul and killed, and the Consul was confined in a filthy dungeon awaiting a second trial, having been once acquitted.

—The Governor and Legislature of Nevada are at loggerheads. The Governor vetoed the Legislative fund bill. The Senate unanimously passed the bill over the veto, and there was only one dissenting vote in the House. The Governor and Attorney General are about procuring an order from the Court restraining the Comptroller from paying warrants. The Governor is threatened with impeachment in his abuse of the veto power.

—Thomas Allen, President of the Iron Mountain Railroad, has presented a memorial to the Missouri Legislature, showing that he sustained damage to the aggregate amount of $1,316,724, growing out of the seizure of that road by Gov. Fletcher. Of that amount the sum of $516,482 grew out of the suit brought by the Attorney General, and the balance of $800,242 from the seizure of the road by Governor Fletcher, for which the memoralist asks to be reimbursed by the State.

WHY IS IT

That the feeble totter, with uncertain steps, over the face of the earth, in danger every day of falling victims to the morbid influences by which we all are surrounded, when a tested and proven vegetable tonic, capable of endowing them with the vigor they need, is procurable in every city, town and settlement? It might reasonably be thought that after twelve years' experience which the world has had of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, ALL would know that its effect is to prevent disease.

At this season, the atmosphere is surcharged with the seeds, intermittents, remittents, rheumatism, pulmonary disorders, bilious complaints and the like. Persons whose nervous systems are relaxed, are the first to succumb to these distempers. Brace up the physical energies, then, with this potential vegetable tonic. It is the most powerful recuperant which the botanic kingdom has ever yielded to patient research and experiment. TRY IT. The blindest disciple of the old medical dogmas will at least admit that a tonic and alterative, compound d of approved herbs, roots and barks, can do no harm, while the testimony of thousands invites a trial of its virtues.

Vigor is the thing most needed in these cases, as well as in dyspepsia and nervous affectations, and HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is the safest, surest and most wholesome strengthening preparation that human skill has yet concocted. As a tonic, it is both mild and agreeable to the taste, and stimulating in its action upon the system.

Hundreds of physicians have abandoned all the official receipts, and prescribed this harmless tonic as a preventive and cure for all cases of Chills and Fever.

THE SOUND OF THE LUNGS.

One of the most accurate ways of determining whether the lungs are in a healthy or diseased condition, is by means of listening to the respiration. To those experienced in this practice it becomes as plain an index to the state of the lungs, and is as well known to the operator as are the voices of his most intimate acquaintances. The belief that long standing coughs, and diseases of the lungs upon which they are dependent, are incurable, are fast becoming obsolete. One great advantage to be gained from this advance in medical knowledge is the earlier application of those who become afflicted with those diseases to some one competent to afford relief. The error which had taken hold of the public mind in regard to the curability of consumption, or rather non-curability, is fast becoming obliterated, and it is well that it should be so, not that persons should lose that salutary fear which would make them apply for a timely remedy, but that all might be induced to use remedies while there is any hope. It is the delay in these cases that fills us with apprehension and alarm, for if every one would make timely application of DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE in the beginning of a cold or cough, few cases would go so far as to become irremediable.

Sold at the Doctor's great Medicine Store, No. 140 Wood street. WILL SHORTLY REMOVE TO HIS NEW STORE, NO. 16 LIBERTY STREET, SECOND DOOR FROM ST CLAIR.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office Hours from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M., and from 7 to 8 at night.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, February 8th, 1869.

☞ **CITIZENS MEETING.**—A meeting of the citizens of Pittsburgh and all others interested in the uninterrupted navigation of the Ohio River, will be held at the MAYOR'S OFFICE at half past 10 o'clock on WEDNESDAY MORNING. A large and prompt attendance is urgently requested, as business of importance will come before the meeting for its consideration.

fe9:e22 JARED M. BRUSH, Mayor.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, February 9th, 1869.

☞ **NOTICE.**—The assessment for the partial grading of Mabon street, from Kirkpatrick street to Soho street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, February 19, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

fe9:e24 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that the undersigned never was nor is not a member of the firm of

COOK, BALLENTINE & STERN,

Of No. 27 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOSEPH STERN.

FEBRUARY 8, 1869. fe9:21

ALL BOOK AGENTS SEND for the 16 reasons why

Cobbins' Domestic Illustrated Family Bible

Is superior to any other. Address STREET & CO., 111 Nassau street, New York. ☞Sold only by agents. Refers to all Eastern Publishers

fe9:e19:M:W:F-F

FLOUR.

ORIENTAL,
SWEEPSTAKES,
RED RIVER,
WHITE ROSE,

Very choice, for sale by

MEANOR & HARPER,

fe9 329 Liberty street.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss. At Pittsburgh, the 8th day of January, A. D. 1869.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JAMES FLOYD, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

J. W. KIRKER,
Attorney at-Law, 87 Fifth avenue.

fe9:e23-T

GOOD DWELLING HOUSE IN Allegheny at Auction.

On FRIDAY, February 12th, at 3 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, that good brick dwelling house on the corner of Lacock and Goodrich streets, Allegheny. The house is two story, containing seven rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, gas, and a good dry cellar. The building is of the most substantial character, from foundation to roof, and is in first rate order. Also, the adjacent vacant property of 83 feet front on Goodrich street. This is good property, and a good bargain will be given. Terms at sale.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

fe9

NEW STYLES

HATS AND CAPS,

JUST RECEIVED AT

McCORD & CO's,

131 WOOD STREET.

fe9

JOSEPH HORNER.

Bookseller, Stationer, Paper Dealer,

And Blank Book Manufacturer,

METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,

(Methodist Episcopal Block,)

No. 129 Smithfield Street,

(COR. VIRGIN ALLEY.)

A full assortment of Law, Medical, Miscellaneous, and School Books constantly on hand. The latest styles of Fancy Note Paper, Envelopes, and Visiting Cards in great variety. :T:TH

AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S

EVERY DEPARTMENT

Will be Found Well Stocked with

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS,

WHICH ARE OFFERED AT

The Very Lowest Prices,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Woolen Goods, Underwear, &c.,

CLOSING OUT VERY CHEAP.

77 and 79 Market Street.

fe3

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE,

THE NEW SKIRT,

"LE PANIER PERFECTION."
"THE FAVORITE," "THE POPULAR,"
"THE RECEPTION,"
THOMPSON'S TWIN SPRING,
"WINGED ZEPHYR,"
"GLOVE FITTING," CORSETS AND PATENT "PANIERS."

THE NEW GORED OVERSKIRT, "BELLE HELENE," richly embroidered; an elegant street or Skating Skirt.

RICH RIBBONS FOR BOWS, SCARFS AND SASHES.

ROMAN STRIPES AND PLAIDS.

SATINS, all shades and widths.

FLOWERS, PLUMES, HATS AND BONNETS.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.

The richest and latest novelties in GIMPS, FRINGES AND BUTTONS.

We especially direct attention to the great excellence of the HARRIS SEAMLESS (Rouillon) KID GLOVES over all others, and for which we are the Sole Agents.

A complete line of GENTLEMEN'S "STAR" SHIRTS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, HALF HOSE, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

SELLING AGENTS FOR LOCKWOOD'S PAPER GOODS, and all other popular makes.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE.

no25

SUNDRIES.

9 bundles large Basket Willows;
30 bales bright Timothy Hay;
71 bags Ear Corn;

Now landing from the steamer Sallie, for sale by

fe9 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARPETS.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

OIL CLOTHS.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

Window Shades,

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

fe9:d&wF

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, the undersigned, Administrator of ROBERT LAFFERTY, deceased, will expose at Public Sale, at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, the 2d day of March, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, all the interest of Robert Lafferty, deceased, being an undivided three-fourths of all those certain Lots having a front on the Butler Turnpike of 450 feet 7½ inches, and being Lots Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19 in the plan of Edward Harding and S. F. Snyder, recorded in Plan Book Vol. 1, part 2, page 330, and situate in Shaler township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, together with a Lot of Ground in said Township, and described in the same plan on the lower side of said Butler Turnpike, beginning at a point directly opposite the corner of Lots Nos. 10 and 11 in said plan; thence by the line of the old towing path of the Pennsylvania Canal, as marked in said plan North 40 degrees 40 minutes East 400 feet 4 inches, and extending back, preserving the same width to the Allegheny River at low water mark; on which is erected OIL WORKS, known as the Albion Refinery, together with all the Tankage, Buildings, Machinery, and five small Dwelling Houses erected thereon.

TERMS OF SALE CASH, on confirmation of sale.

This property is sold subject to the debts of the late firm of LAFFERTY & WARING, amounting to $25,266 54-100. Also to a purchase money mortgage amounting to $3,338 42-100, with interest thereon.

JAMES D. KELLY,
ADMINISTRATOR.

fe9:e16-T

BANKRUPTCY PLAYED OUT!

$2.00.—THIS CARD entitles the bearer, on presentation, to **TWO DOLLARS** abatement on a cash purchase of $25.00 at the great cheap clothing house of

S. C. TRAUERMAN,
ORIGINAL BIG NUMBER 11,
Sixth Street, late St. Clair.

Nobody beat by this establishment, but fair dealing to all! Call and be convinced. All clothing plainly marked by printed cards, at

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

So that no one may be deceived. Remember the place, original big number 11, SIXTH STREET, late St. Clair.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS OF THIS!

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

de25:TU-S

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Tobacco, Cigars & Whisky.

ISAAC STERN,

No. 162 Federal Street, above the Market,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Respectfully announces to his friends that he is now offering his stock, consisting of the

FINEST CIGARS, TOBACCO, &C.,

And the PUREST LIQUORS,

At prices LOWER THAN EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

☞ Remember the place,

No. 162 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY,

se4:v70-TUS

SKATES, SKATES

SKATES.

I have received my stock of Skates for the season of '68 and '69, comprising every style known to the trade, at prices ranging FROM 50 CENTS PER PAIR UP TO $25. My stock embraces a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Skates. New York Club, American Rink, Blondin's Ancle Supporter, our Ladies' and Gents' Clipper, Philadelphia and Boston Club, Empire and Vulcan, together with a large assortment of medium priced Skates for Boys, which I offer at exceedingly low prices. I invite all in want of Skates to call and be convinced that 136 WOOD STREET, is the place to buy Skates.

For sale wholesale and retail by

JAMES BOWN,

NO. 136 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

no20:TF

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER,
Attorney for the Trustees,

OFFICE, 360 PENN STREET.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d:7

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between J. B. Canfield and A. F. Canfield, under the style and firm name of J. B. CANFIELD & SON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by J. B. Canfield, who will continue the business at the old stand, 141 FIRST AVENUE.

J. B. CANFIELD,
A. T. CANFIELD.

PITTSBURGH, February 3, 1869.

J. B. CANFIELD, COMMISSION MERCHANT and WHOLESALE DEALER in Goshen, Factory, Hamburg and W. R. Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Dried Fruit, Grain, Pig Lead, Pot, Pearl and Soda Ashes, White Lime, Linseed, Lard, Coal and Carbon Oils. No. 141 First street, Pittsburgh. fe5:e1

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, Hose, Steam Packing and Gaskets of the Boston Belting Companies manufacture at prices as low as this quality of goods can be bought of the manufacturer. A full stock always on hand at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 Sixth street.

J. & H. PHILLIPS.
fe8 Sole Agents for the Company.

2,000 BUSHELS OF PEACH BLOWS,

DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

ja15

40 BARRELS OF SORGHUM MOLASSES,

DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

ja15

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW SPRING

DRY GOODS

NOW OPENING.

Having just returned from the Eastern Cities, where we have purchased under peculiar circumstances (in regard to prices) a very large stock of desirable goods, we have concluded to offer our customers all

THE ADVANTAGES

WE HAVE RECEIVED

IN

Extra Good Bargains,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 AND 182

FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY.

fe6

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Woolen Goods at a Great Sacrifice.

LARGE STOCK OF YARNS,

In all Colors and Qualities.

LADIES' AND MISSES' WOOL HOSIERY

GENTS' AND YOUTHS' ONE-HALF HOSE.

GLOVES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Ladies' & Gents' Wool & Merino Underwear

HOOP SKIRTS.

FINE VARIETY OF EMBROIDERED & LACE

Handkerchiefs and Collars.

PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS

OF EVERY VARIETY, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Jobbers will especially do well to call on us now, as we wish to sell most of our goods before commencing to take stock.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.

78 and 80 Market Street.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

REMOVAL.

The Offices and Warehouses of

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

HAVE BEEN

REMOVED TO THEIR WORKS,

Cor. Thirtieth and Railroad Streets.

Orders left with PARK, McCURDY & CO., No. 123 Second Avenue, will receive prompt attention. ja26:

WINDOW SHADES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW

TRANSPARENT & OPAQUE SHADES,

JUST RECEIVED,

At 107 Market Street.

NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

fe6

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

G. W. DeCAMP,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d73

DRS. COOPER, WALLACE and WILLARD,

HOMEOPATHISTS,

Will remove their Office on the First of April next to No. 72 Diamond, Allegheny city, rear of City Hall. ja30:d79

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY, ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS

AND

NEW BARGAINS

IN

DRESS GOODS,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

ALL THE POPULAR BARGAINS

Of the Day in

DRY GOODS,

Revised and Improved by

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

NO. 180 AND 182

FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY.

fe6

THE ECONOMY BUTTER CO.

ask the attention of all interested in the reduction of the extravagant cost of Butter, to their practical and economical system of making pure prime Butter by the aid of the

EXTRACT OF BUTTER PLANT.

A brief allusion to the origin of this important discovery may not prove uninteresting. Among the authentic cated records of the renowned Captain Cook's voyage around the world, is found the statement, that while sojourning for a short time on the Brazilian Coast of South America, he observed the natives using, in the preparation of their food, a peculiar oil, which, upon examination, he found to possess the appearance, taste and flavor of Butter; upon further inquiry, however, he ascertained that it was simply a substance that the natives distilled in a crude and imperfect manner, from a rich and luxuriant plant that grew spontaneously and abundantly in that warm tropical country. A few years ago, an eminent French chemist, while on a professional visit to the tropics, made numerous experiments with this remarkable production of nature, and succeeded in extracting a concentrated essence of the plant. The formula for its preparation, and the Sole Right for its sale in this country are the exclusive property of this Company, by whom it was purchased from the original discoverer. We claim for this remarkable, yet simple and perfectly harmless preparation—

1st.—That by its use a net gain of from 50 to 200 per cent. is made in the manufacture of Butter.

2d.—That Butter, which from age or whatever cause, may be strong, rancid, streaked or coarse-grained, and comparatively useless for general use, by the aid of this Extract, is restored to its original freshness and sweetness, fine-grain, and even color.

3d.—By the use of this Extract, one pound of delicious, fresh Butter is actually made from one pint of milk.

4th.—That a pure and excellent table Butter can be made, at a cost of from 15 to 20 cents per pound. The chief expense wherein being Butter, which is the essential *base*.

5th.—That Butter manufactured by the aid of this Extract is equal in every respect to the best Butter made by the ordinary method.

6th.—The Extract after thorough analysis, by able chemists, is pronounced perfectly free from any deleterious substance, the ingredients being purely of a vegetable nature.

8th.—In proof of the foregoing assertions, the factory of this company is making one ton of Butter per day, which meets with ready sale in the New York Market, and is consumed from the tables of the first Hotels, Restaurants and Private families in this city and elsewhere.

A sample package of the Extract (sufficient to make 50 lbs. of Butter) with full directions for use, will be sent to any address on receipt of $1.

CAUTION.—As articles of real merit are subject to spurious imitations, we would specially caution the public against counterfeits and worthless imitations, advertised as powders, compounds, &c., as the Extract of the Butter Plant is prepared and sold only by

The Economy Butter Co.

OFFICE, 115 LIBERTY STREET,
FACTORY, 236 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

State, County and City Rights for sale, offering to capitalists rare opportunities for establishing a staple business, paying *enormous* profits.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

M. CADARET'S *Pure Vegetable Coloring*, $1 a pound, sufficient to give a rich golden yellow to 200 lbs. of White Butter; 50 cents per sample package, sent to any address. No Farmer should be without it, as white and streaky Butter is worth from six to ten cents a pound less in all markets than that of a rich yellow fe8:e16

WESTERN LAND AGENCY.

70,000 Acres of Land for Sale,

In Iowa and Minnesota; price from $3.00 to $5.00 per acre. Land bought and sold on commission. Taxes paid; Titles examined; abstracts furnished; Surveying and Plotting done.

Information furnished in reference to locality, quality and valuation of lands. General collecting business done. Address

C. C. WAY,
ja29:d68 ELLINGTON, IOWA.

EXECUTORS' SALE.

SHOE STORE.

The stock, good will, lease and fixtures of shoe store of the late J. F. McCall, Esq., 332 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. Best location in the city, and doing a prosperous business. For further particulars inquire at 334 Liberty street.

EMMA M. McCALL,
J. D. RAMALEY,
fe5:e15 Executors.

PAGE'S PATENT LACE LEATHER, for sale by

f.8 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

GREEN APPLES—125 barrels in store and for sale by

no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

WANTED---SITUATION.

WANTED.—SITUATION.—A BUSINESS MAN, with good qualifications, who can adapt himself to circumstances, desires a situation. Address G., GAZETTE office.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---BOARDERS,

WANTED.—BOARDERS.—A few boarders can be accommodated with board and lodging at 153 THIRD AVENUE.

WANTED.—BOARDERS.—Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentlemen, at 68 FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—To employ a few good MEN to distribute Dr. Ashbaugh's Great Rheumatic Remedy, "The Wonder of the World," on the package system, not to be paid for until fully tested. Address J. C. TILTON, 10½ St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja30

WANTS.

WANTED.—Two Young Men want a pleasant, well-furnished room with board, in a good neighborhood, within ten minutes walk of the Postoffice. Address, stating terms, "PERMANENT," THIS OFFICE.

WANTED—HOUSE.—A dwelling house of four or five rooms, by a family with no children. Address, D. D., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—Bonds and Mortgages to the amount of $50,000 on city or county unencumbered property, having from one to five years to run, in amounts ranging from $500 to $5,000.

Also, business accommodation paper to the amount of $40,000, in sums from $500 to $3,000, and from 60 days to 4 months to run.

160 acres of good Western lands to exchange for furniture. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.,
ja29 Cor. 4th avenue and Smithfield street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—A first-class DRUG STORE in Allegheny City. Good location and doing a good business. Address TOBY, GAZETTE OFFICE.

FOR SALE.—DRUG STORE.—A rare chance to buy a first-class drug store in Allegheny City. Splendid location. Address CHAPULTEPEC, THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.—A LEASE of two THREE STORY BRICK HOUSES in a business location. It has four years to run; rent low. Address, W. X., GAZETTE OFFICE.

FOR SALE.—BUSINESS PROPERTY.—Is now offered for sale that desirable LOT OF GROUND, No. 167 Smithfield street. This property is well located for business. Parties on lookout for a good stand will do well to call on BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., No. 167 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE.—OVER $700 000 worth of Real Estate, comprising Farms, Mills, Stores Houses, Lots, Coal Works, Salt Works, &c., &c. The "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER" contains full particulars of all of the above. Sent FREE to any address. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—FARM.—24 acres of good land in Richland township, on the Butler Plank Road, 17 miles from Allegheny City, with good house and barn and other outbuildings; a good selection of fruit on the place, and all the ground is in good working order, making a desirable country place for a man doing business in the city. Apply to JAMES HARBISON, Esq., on the premises, or S. P. HARBISON, 75 Diamond, Allegheny City. fe5:e12

FOR SALE.—A DESIRABLE FARM, containing 150 acres, located on the A. V. R. R., 23 miles from the city and within five minutes walk of a Station; 125 acres cleared, balance in good timber; 90 acres in grass, 30 acres underlaid with a 3 foot vein of coal; soil first class and the improvements No. 1, consisting of a new Double Two Story Frame House of 7 rooms, 9 foot halls and good cellar, built and finished in splendid style; large new Bank Barn, 40 by 72, pianed an dpainted. Also, all necessary outbuildings conveniently arranged, including a Tenement House of 4 rooms; whole farm well watered and can all be worked by machinery; six acres of orchard, select variety of fruits; also small fruits. This farm is without doubt the best in the neighborhood, and needs only to be seen to be appreciated. From the house is had a delightful view of the towns of Freeport and Natrona, up and down the Allegheny rivers and surrounding country. For particulars apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—"MAYFIELD" COTTAGE and GROUNDS, about 8 acres, beautifully planted and distributed in vineyard, fruit and ornamental evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubbery, a complete assortment of the fruits of the climate; commodious carriage house, stable and tenant house under one roof; cottage of eight rooms, pantries, &c., summer kitchen, rain water cistern and spring of purest water at door. Situate one mile north of Allegheny, on Perrysville road, and a quarter of a mile from Pleasant Valley Passenger Car Station. For terms and particulars enquire at north end of Hand Street Bridge.

FOR SALE.—A THREE STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing 16 rooms, situated No. 46 STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny City. The lot is 30 by 240 feet, and has a good brick stable at rear entering on Water street. For further information inquire of H. CHILDS, No. 133 Wood street, Pittsburgh. MWF

FOR SALE.—REFINERY.—A First Class Refinery, in complete running order, nearly new. Has been in operation but a few months, situated on the A. V. R. R. beyond the present city limits. Capacity five hundred bbls per week. Can be doubled with no extra expense excepting an additional still. Apply at 22 and 24 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and other outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or R. A. HOPE, Penn Station.

FOR SALE—That fine two story brick warehouse, 24 by 64 feet, situated on OHIO STREET, Allegheny city, No. 95, now occupied as a Flour and Grain Warehouse. Also, that two story brick dwelling house, 20 by 64 feet, adjoining the above containing six rooms. For further particulars enquire on the premises of M. STEEL & SON.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS STAND —A well known and prosperous wholesale business stand, with stock and fixtures, is offered for sale. Satisfactory reasons are given for the disposal. Apply at 77 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE.—A NEW FRAME HOUSE of six rooms and one acre lot in Mt. Washington. Good well on the premises. Enquire at No. 83 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—A New House of Seven Rooms and Hall, corner of Pride and Forbes streets. Water and Gas in the house; also Range in kitchen.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE.—Enquire of J. R. KENNEDY, 85 Smithfield street.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, February 4, 1869.

☞ **NOTICE TO FOUNDRYMEN.**—Sealed Proposals for furnishing the City of Pittsburgh, with castings for the catchbasing required in the sewers now about being contracted for, will be received at this office until SATURDAY, Feb. 20, 1869.

Specifications can be seen at this office. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. J. MOORE,
fe5:e4 City Engineer.

OFFICE MONONGAHELA BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, January 30, 1869.

☞ **AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN MANAGERS** of the Company for erecting a bridge over the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, will be held at the Toll House, on MONDAY, the 1st day of March next, at 3 o'clock P. M.

fe2:d89-MF JAS. H. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the

SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,

the only true and easily regulated Governor made perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCE VAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 79 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West. se22:x96

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

TO LET.

TO-LET.—HOUSE.—A FINE, large BRICK DOUBLE HOUSE, with all modern improvements, surrounded with grapes, fruit trees and shrubbery. Rent not so much an object as a good tenant. For terms, &c., call at GAZETTE COUNTING ROOM.

TO-LET, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION a well-lighted comfortable HALL on Fifth avenue, 30 by 80 feet; well adapted for society meetings. Address Lock Box 169, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

TO-LET.—STORE and DWELLING, No. 210 Beaver Avenue, Allegheny City; contains five rooms, finished attic, store room and large cellar; gas and water. Apply to S. S. D. THOMPSON, on the premises. Possession given April 1st.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

TO LET.—TWO Handsomely furnished rooms, with gas and fire, one on first floor, and one front up stairs. Inquire at 199 Third avenue

TO-LET.—FRONT OFFICE, Second story, 56 Smithfield street. Enquire at Drug Store, corner Fourth avenue and Smithfield street.

TO-LET.—A FRONT ROOM, on second floor, well furnished, with gas and coal. For terms, apply at No. 33 NINTH STREET, formerly hand.

TO-LET.—LIME KILN AND QUARRIES for lease; Kilns in good order and Limestone complete. Transportation can be furnished. Enquire at No. 413 LIBERTY STREET, up stairs.

FOR RENT.—WAREHOUSE.— The large three story brick building, No. 89 Third Avenue, near the Bank of Pittsburgh.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
fe8 85 Smithfield street.

TO LET.—Six Offices on the Corner of Penn and Eighth streets; 3 on first and 3 on the Second floor, (one very large.) Also, a well lighted and dry Basement Store Room. To let—A dwelling next the corner, No. 29, on Eighth street, with 7 rooms. Also one with 11 rooms, No. 25, on Eighth street. Also, a Warehouse, No. 188 Smithfield street. Apply at 277 Penn street.

TO-LET.—ONE STORE ROOM, FOUR BASEMENTS, well lighted and finished,

OFFICES in the second story.

SLEEPING ROOMS in the third story, and ONE LARGE HALL, with two ante-rooms, in the fourth story of A. H. English & Co's new building, Fourth avenue. Apply to A. H. ENGLISH & CO., No. 20 Fifth avenue.

TO-LET.—THE SECOND AND THIRD STORIES of a Business House on Federal street, Allegheny city. Each room is 20 by 80. Splendid location for a PHOTOGRAPHER, SAMPLE ROOM or light Manufacturing. Spacious front entrance, and in the best business portion of the street. For particulars apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents and Brokers, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

NOTICES.

☞ **TO BUILDERS.**—"Separate Proposals, addressed to the Commissioners for the Erection of City Hall," will be received at the office of the Commissioners, No. 66 SMITHFIELD STREET, until MONDAY, the 1st day of March next, for the

Stone Work, Brick Work, Iron Work and Carpenter Work,

Required in the erection of the new City Hall, according to the plans and specifications of the same, which can be seen at the office of J. W. KERR, Architect, in Appolo Building, No. 80 Fourth Avenue, where all requisite information will be given.

fe8 THOMAS STEEL, Secretary.

☞ **NOTICE.**

All persons indebted to the City of Allegheny for GRADING AND PAVING, are hereby notified to call and pay their assessments to the undersigned, on or before the 18th day of February. After the above date all claims remaining unpaid will be placed in the hands of the City Solicitor for collection, with costs added.

Office in the second story of City Hall. Hours for business from 8 to 9 A. M. and 1 to 2 P. M.

THOMAS MEGRAW,
Street Commissioner.

ALLEGHENY, Feb. 3, 1869. fe3:3w4

☞ **OFFICE OF PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.**

PHILADELPHIA, January 27, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on TUESDAY, the 16th day of February, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., at CONCERT HALL, No. 1,219 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

The Annual Election for Directors will be held on MONDAY, the 1st day of March, 1869, at the office of the Company, No. 238 South Third street.

fe2:d88 EDMUND SMITH, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, February 4th, 1869.

☞ **NOTICE OF SEWER BUILDERS.**

SEALED PROPOSALS for the construction of a public sewer on Fifth or Pennsylvania avenue, from Washington street to Dinwiddie street, about twenty seven hundred feet (2700,) and also for a public sewer on Diamond alley, from the Wood street sewer to Smithfield street, will be received at this office until SATURDAY, February 20, 1869. Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had by calling at this office. No bids will be received by the Committee unless made out on the regular blanks.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

fe4:e5 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

☞ **THE *GOLD COUPONS* Of the Union Pacific Railway,**

EASTERN DIVISION, due February 1st, 1868, will be paid on presentation on and after that date at the

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

NEW YORK.

ja26:d78-T:TH:S

THE KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY CO., OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, January 30th, 1869.

☞ **NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** to the STOCKHOLDERS of the

KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY COMPANY,

To meet at its Office on Twelfth street, on TUESDAY, February 9th, 1869, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M., for the purpose of electing Seven (7) Directors and Secretary and Treasurer, to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them.

Transfer books are closed until after February 10th, 1869.

ja30:d77 O. METCALF, Sec'y.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Feb. 6, 1869.

☞ **NOTICE.—The assessments** for the partial Grading of

DINWIDDIE STREET,

from Pennsylvania avenue to Centre avenue is now ready for examination, and will remain in this office until TUESDAY, February 16, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
fe6:e17 City Engineer.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, February 1st, 1869.

☞ **AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT, MANAGERS and OFFICERS** of the "Company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny," will be held at the TOLL HOUSE, at the south-end of the Bridge, on MONDAY, the 1st day of March, at 2 o'clock P. M.

WM. ROSEBURG,
fe4:e9-TH Treasurer.

PERRY STREET.—The undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for OPENING PERRY STREET, from its eastern terminus to meet the Troy Hill Road, will meet on the premises on MONDAY, 15th day of February, at 4½ o'clock P. M., to attend to the duties of their appointment.

J. J. HERMAN,
THOMAS SMITH,
ja27:d61 L. WALTER, } Viewers.

WEBSTER STREET.—We, the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of widening WEBSTER STREET, Second ward, Allegheny, from Benton alley to North Common, will meet on the premises on MONDAY, the 15th day of February, at 3 o'clock P. M., to attend to the duties of our appointment.

S. BULFORD,
J. J. HERMAN,
ja27:d63 LEONARD WALTER.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. Pittsburgh, January 25, 1869.

☞ **STOCKHOLDERS ANNUAL MEETING.**—The regular annual meeting of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 216 Pike street, on TUESDAY, 23d day of February, 1869, for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the coming year and the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

ja27:d69 JOHN BALLANTINE, Secretary.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS,

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

Duquesne Iron, Sheet and Tank Iron, Juniata Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Charcoal Iron, Cylinder Iron, XL Iron, Flanged Cutter Bars, Guard Iron, Drag and Dropper Bars, T Rail for Coal Roads, Iron Wedges, Flat Rail for Coal Roads, Boiler Iron, Crow Bars, Chain Links, Boiler Heads, Steel and Iron Harrow Teeth, Carriage, Wagon, Seat and Coach Springs, and Axles, all styles: Slab Steel for Plows, Cultivator Steel, Steel Wings and Moulds cut to pattern, Spring Steel all sizes, A. B. Steel and Steel Tire, Steel Crow Bars, Steel Shafting, &c.

ALL GOODS FIRST CLASS AND WARRANTED.

☞Offices and Works 16th street and Allegheny river and 77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh. ja1:o22

GODEFFROY BRANCKER & CO.,

42 Exchange Place, New York,

Are prepared, as Sole Agents in the United States for the Prussian Mining and Iron Company of Duisburg, Westphalia, to contract or sell in quantities to suit purchasers, (delivered in either New York or Philadelphia,) the celebrated

V. G. SPIEGELEISEN

Used so extensively for the manufacturing of

BESSEMER STEEL.

This Iron is free from Sulpur and Phosphorus, and contains a heavy per centage of Manganese.

Full particulars, samples, prices or chemical analysis will be promptly forwarded on application. ja30:d76

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SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House. ap24:d6

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COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

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Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 149 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14-e34-dwT

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JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

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FOUNDRY COMPANY.

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TWELFTH STREET,

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☞Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

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WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariablyin Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

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THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

no9:n69

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 13, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oct5:128

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q6

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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LUMBER! LUMBER!!

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Dealer in all Kinds of Lumber.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE:
1,000,000 feet Dry Pine Boards;
150,000 feet 1½ and 2 inch Clear Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1½ inch Common Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 feet Dry 2, 2½ and 3 inch Ash,
5,000 ft. Dry 2, 2½, 3 in. Cherry & Maple,
30,000 ft. Dry 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
250,000 feet Hemlock Joists and Scanting;
750,000 No. 1 18-inch Shingles, sawed;
250,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
40,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
40,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

YARDS—No. 86 PREBLE STREET, formerly Manchester, and 157 REBECCA STREET, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. no12

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SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal.

PIG IRONS.

Consignments are most respectfully solicited.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

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Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK

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CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

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WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:o21

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MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

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For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

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THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET.

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

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Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

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BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

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JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
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DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H. Hartman, John B. Livingston.
Cash paid for Paper Stock. ja29:o88

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WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATVATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewer Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

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No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

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GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

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SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:

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DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

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N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

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ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Wiltcut Screws.
Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil,
Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Benzole,
Harness Oil, Gasoline,
Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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Commission Merchants and Brokers in

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, February 8, 1868.

Gold was strong early in the day, but the general decline in governments and stocks checked the rising tendency developed early; it was made scarce for the purpose of squeezing the bears, but 135¾ was all what the bull party could raise it to.

Bonds were very strong until noon, and had advanced about ¼ per cent., but at the close of business the market became heavy, and declined about ¾ per cent.

Stocks have experienced a panic, and some of the Erie connections declined 2 per cent.

Money is less stringent, although full 7 per cent. is paid on call. Business is reviving.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135¾; Eighty-one's, 112⅝; Five Twenties, 1862, 113¾; do, 1864, 110¼; do, 1865, 111¼; do, 1865, new, 109; do, 1867, 109¼; do, 1868, 109¾; Ten Forties, 108¼; Railroads — Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 92½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 119¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 92½; Chicago & North Western, 83½; do Preferred, 91½; Erie, ——; New York Central, 162½; Michigan Southern, 93¼; Reading, 95; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 36¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37¼; Merchants Union Express Company, 18½; Pacific Mail, 143⅝; Adams, 48¼; Mining shares—Gregory, 2,60; Quartz Hill, 70; Smith & Parmele, ——; Corydon, 10.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 135¼; United States Sixes, 1881's, 112⅝; 5-20's, 1862, 113⅜; 5-20's, 1864, 110¼; 5-20's, 1865, 111¼; 5-20's January and July, 1865, 109, do. 1867, 109¼; do. 1868, 109¾; Seven Thirties, par less ⅛; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, par; Central, 103; Cy. Pacifics, 101¼.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, February 8, 1869.

CATTLE.

The supply of Cattle on sale to-day, although larger than last week, was again light, only reaching about 725 head, which is scarcely enough to supply the retail trade, let alone the eastern demand and country buyers. The market, therefore, was a remarkably stiff one, especially for good cattle, which were in limited supply, and prices, if anything, ruled higher than last week. We do not recollect of a time when there was such a universal growling about the high price of Cattle as at present. Butchers and drovers complain alike, that they are making nothing, and that the only thing that keeps them in the business, is in order to keep up their trade. Consumers, too, and very justly, complain about the exorbitant price of meat, and many a family, we have no doubt, is now on short allowance, being unable to pay the prices now prevailing. And the worst feature about the whole thing lies in the fact that there is no prospect of relief for two or three months—not until grass Cattle commence to make their appearance, which is about the first of June.

A will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prime to extra steers sold at 8 to 8,50, and good to medium at 7 to 7,50. Stockers may be quoted at 5 to 6,25, as to quality and condition.

Peter Sheltemantle 14 head at 5 to 7, and two extra Butler county oxen at 8,50; Glass, Lafferty & Co. 46 head at 5 to 7,50; Nicholas Carr sold 29 head at 6 to 7,50; Traurman & Lobman 90 stock cattle at 6,25; 57 head fat cattle at 7 to 8,50; L. & J. Shamberg retailed 83 head at 5 to 8,50; Marks & Bro. 76 head at 6 to 8; Greenwald & Kahn 60 head at 7 to 8,37; L. Keefer 32 head Ohio steers at 6,25 to 8,25; L. Rothchilds & Co. 32 head at 7 to 8,50; J. McAllister 40 head at 5 to 8,50; Kraus & Haas 56 head at 6 to 8,50; Stakely & Bro. 20 head at 5 to 7; Hartman 23 head at 6,30 to 8,30; Hazlewood & B. 34 head of Chicago steers, for Dolan, at 7,50 to 8,25; Hedges & Taylor 54 head at 6,7,50; E. Katz 20 head.

SHEEP.

There was a fair supply of Sheep on sale to-day, some fifteen hundred head, and what is most remarkable is the fact that there was a larger proportion of good Sheep than we have seen here during any preceding week this winter. There was a fair number of Butler Sheep on sale, but these too have been advanced so much within the past month, that they are now almost beyond the reach of the Butler butchers. Two to three dollars per head, is more than they can stand, and as a consequence many of them will doubtless be forced to suspend operations. Prime to extra fat Sheep sold at from 5,50 to 6,50 cts per pound, and medium do at 4,50 to 5. Common Sheep sold at $2 to $3 per head—almost anything in the shape of a Sheep will bring the inside quotations. Clipping time is so near at hand, that there is not the same disposition to force on the market that there was a month or two ago.

HOGS.

There was a fair supply of Hogs on sale, and with only a monderate demand, prices were fully sustained, ranging from 11 to 14 cts, in a retail way.

Jacob Needy wholesaled 54 head at 12.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, February 8, 1869.

The expectations entertained by some, on Saturday, that the climax had been reached, and that a reaction was near at hand, has not thus far been realized, and if the operations of to-day can be taken as a criterion, the market this week promises to be stronger and more excited than the one which preceded it. Indeed, there was more excitement manifested to-day than we have noted for a week or two, and prices have touched a point that have not been reached for several years. As there is a large amount of oil short for this month, it is supposed that the shorts are buyiug in order to cover, and this accounts for the fact that February is worth more than any other month in the year; as will be seen by reference to the repert of sales, however, the demand is not confined alone to this month, as there is inquiry for almost every month in the year, and the late months have advanced as well as the earlier ones.

CRUDE.

The Crude market was considerably stronger and somewhat excited to-day, and, compared with Saturday, prices have still further advanced. We can report 500 bbls spot (sold early in the day) at 18; 1,000 at 18½; and 5,000 (in tank) buyers option, until July, 1st, at 20. At the close February was held at 18¾ to 19, and the same figures will apply to March.

REFINED.

As already noted, the sales of refined were unusualy large to-day, and with an excited market, prices have still further advanced. We quote as follows:

1000	each February to May	38c
500	" February to May	38c
500	" July to December	38c
500	" February and March	38½c
1000	" February and March	38½c
500	" April to June	38c
1000	bbls, buyer, all yeor	42c
500	" next six months, buyer	39½c
500	" March	38c
500	" February, last half	39c

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c
Eclipse Tanners' Stuffing	40c
Eclipse Tanners' Finishing oil	65c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

H. Metzgar	1000	D. M. Edgerton	240
Fisher & Bro.	280	W. Wilson	80
R. T. Leech	50		
Total			1550

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

P. Weisenberger, 110 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens Ref. Co., 309 do do to Tack Bro., Philadelphia.

McKelvy Bros. & Co., 215 do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

P. Weisenberger, 150 do benzole to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined	634
Total shipments Benzole	150

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchinson Oil Ref. Co., 434 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 100 do tor to W. Lincoln, Boston.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Exchange in moderate demand at 1-10 off buying and 1-10 premium selling. Flour quiet and the demand is almost exclusively for low medium grades; sales at $5a5,60 for spring extras. Wheat quiet and firmer and ½c higher; sales No. 1 at $1,23½a1,24; No. 2 at $1,15¾a1,16, closing with buyers at $1,16; sales this afternoon at $1,16¼ for No. 2. Corn active and easisr and ¼a½c higher; No. 1 at 66c; new 57½c; no grade 53a53½c, closing dull at 57¾c for new; sales No. 1 at 69c, sellers for May, 70¾c, sellers for the last half of April; new 58a58½c, sellers for the last half of February, and 58¼c sellers for March; market unchanged this afternoon. Oats active, opening at 43¼a53½c, closing with sellers, but no buyers, at 53c. Rye dull and firm and 1a2c higher, closing at $1,17a1,18 for No. 1. Barley firm and 2a3c higher; sales No. 2 at $1,90a1,93, closing at $1,90. The highwine market is firmer at 90c for wooden and 91c for iron bound packages. Provisions quiet, steadv and firm; sales Mess Pork at $34 cash, closing steady. Bulk Meats steady and quiet at 15c for Cumberlands cash, and 13½c for shoulders, buyer February. Lard steady and quiet at 20¾c cash, and 21c, buyer February. Other descriptions of hog product nominally unchanged. Dressed Hogs firm and quiet, with sales at $14a15,50, closing at $14,25a15,00, dividing on two hundred pounds. Receipts for the past forty-eight hours—8,491 bbls flour, 12,260 bush wheat, 51,885 bush corn, 15,116 bush oats, 2,975 bush rye, 2,000 bush barley. Shipments—9,611 bbls flour, 36,613 bush wheat, 10,959 bush corn, 40,098 bush oats, 4,807 bush rye, 2,369 bush barley.

NEW YORK, February 8.—*Dry Goods*—The extreme prices for cotton have a tendency to impart firmness to the cloth market, and we note an advance by agents, of ½c per yard on the most popular makes of heavy brown sheetings, such as Atlantic A, Appleton A, Indian Head and Pacific extras; but jobbers have made no change except on Appleton A, which has arisen from 16½ to 17; agents' prices being 17¼, less 2½ per cent. discount. In other styles of cotton goods there is no particular change to observe. Prices generally are steady and firm and a better inquiry is noticeable, although trade is not very lively. Cottonades are in good request and advancing in sympathy with cotton bale prices being 40a41. Carpet warps of best makes job readily at 35a37½ and 40a45, and twine is in good demand at 35a40 and 43, the latter for extra fine 4-ply.

PHILADELPHIA, February 8.—*Cattle Market.*—Beef Cattle in fair demand at an advance; 20,000 sold at 10a10½ for extra Pennsylvania and western; steers at 8a9 for fair to good, 6a7 gross for common. Sheep in fair demand; sales 6,000 at 6a8 gross. Hogs in demand at an advance; sales 2,500 head at $17,06a17,50 net.

CHICAGO, February 8.—Hogs firm, active and steady at $11,50a12,00 for good to choice shipping; receipts 4,047 head; shipments 1,047 head. Beef Cattle moderately active and steady at $5,50a6,00 for good to extra cows, and $7a7,62½ for good to choice shipping steers.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Corn Fodder.

A writer in the Germantown *Telegraph*, says he considers good corn fodder as good as the best hay for young stock or milch cows. He says:

Of course it takes more bulk of it to do them, as there is a large portion of the stalks at the butt ends that is not eaten; but give them all they will eat of it and they will thrive better and come out in the spring fatter and sleeker than if fed on hay; the reason I think is because it is equally as nourishing and requires less muscular force to chew and digest it.

In husking, care should be taken that no nubbins be left with the fodder, for it induces mice and rats to work in it, cutting and spoiling a large percentage of it; and then in feeding, the stock will get a taste of the corn, and in their search for more will trample it under their feet and spoil it. Feed often and but little at a time, just what they will eat up clean. Experience will soon teach you how much that is; and then their appetites are always good, and there will be but little if any wasted. You will of course have to increase or diminish the amount, according to the inclemency of the weather, as with other feed.

Corn fodder should be tied up in bundles, say about enough for a feed for one cow in a bundle, for convenience in hauling, and then it keeps much better than if let loose, as there is less exposure to the elements. The bundles can be stored away in the barn or shed, or do very well stood up along a pole or fence, with the butts resting upon the ground.

Sweet corn makes the best fodder and gives the largest yield of milk of any dry feed that I ever fed. To raise take a piece of good strong ground, plow deep and harrow till well pulverized, then lay off from three to three and a half feet apart for your rows, plant your hills about fifteen or twenty inches apart, with from six to eight kernels in a hill. Give it one good working with the cultivator and hoe, and it is done till harvest time. Cut while the corn is in the dough; cure well, then tie up in bundles and put under a shelter; and in the winter you will find your cows to give more and better milk from it than any dry fodder they ever eat.

FEEDING WHOLE CORN TO CATTLE.

It is an expensive system of management to feed whole grains to any kind of animals. All kinds of certain grains are provided with a tough hull or skin, which the digestive powers of most animals will not dissolve; consequently, if the skin is not broken before the grain enters the stomach, the kernels will pass off with the droppings without affording the animal that swallowed the grain any more nourishment than fragments of wood of equal size.

During the month of August last, the writer procured a quantity of horse manure for top-dressing strawberry plants, and in a few days after the mulch was spread around the plants the unbroken grains of oats vegetated, so that the entire surface of the ground appeared as green as a lawn. This fact showed conclusively that much of the grain had never afforded the animals that swallowed them any nourishment at all. Young horses having sound and sharp teeth will sometimes crush every kernel. But old horses with poor teeth frequently swallow half their mess of oats without breaking the skin of the kernel.

When mills are at a distance, and people will persist in feeding whole grain, it will always be found of more advantage to soak the grain at least twenty-four hours before using it. Suppose, for example, a teamser is accustomed to feed a team eight quarts of Indian corn and oats at each feeding, say three times a day. Let the grain be put in a pail and covered with warm water every time the team is fed. This plan would require three pails when the team is fed three times daily. Warm water is far better than cold water, as cold water in cold weather will soften the grain but little. Teamsters may rest assured that it will pay well for all trouble before feeding it.—*N. Y. Times.*

BROWSING STOCK.

Those who reside in regions where timber is plentiful and of little or no commercial value, can carry cattle and sheep through the winter by supplying them with browse daily. The trees suitable for this purpose are sugar maple, beech, bass wood and birsh. Cattle and sheep will leave the best hay to feed on the buds and tender twigs of these trees, and we have them to come out in the spring in fine condition on this food, with an occasional feed of corn in the ear.

Where land is being cleared up, this aid is readily supplied, and the chopping is usually done in the winter season; but where this is not the case, let the trees be felled daily and the limbs chopped down, so that the stock can reach twigs readily, and they will get along finely. The safest way is to fell the trees before the stock is let out of their enclosure, lest being on hand when the trees fall, they should be injured or killed in the operation.—*Rural New Yorker.*

EGGS IN WINTER.

J. L. Peabody, of Macoupin, Illinois, tells the Peoria *Farmer* what he learned of a Kansas man about making hens lay in winter:

"He told me if I would let my hens huddle together in some warm corner, and not let them roost, I should get plenty of eggs. I had about twenty hens; my hen house was a rough shed, eight feet square, with a small window and door on the east. I took down all the roosting poles, leaving the nest boxes only. With a few short boards I made a shall shed, about four feet square, on the south side of the larger one, and covered it with corn-fodder. (Straw is better.) I made a hole for the hens to pass from the large house into the small one. The result was my hens continued to lay all through the cold weather.

"You will have to drive them in a few times at first; they will soon learn to go in themselves. Put in wood ashes occasionally to keep them free from vermin. There are a great many who are not able to build an extensive hennery. But any one can fix up a place like this in an hour or two, with very little expense."

PROFITABLENESS OF WHEAT.

At a meeting of the Farmers Association of Western New York, last Wednesday, Dr. Craig, of Churchville, said he was not much of a farmer, but in examining the question of the profitableness of wheat with regard to other crops, he found many difficulties to encumber in coming to a very definite conclusion. Difference of soil, location and different modes of farming make important items; it is hardly to be expected that all farmers will think alike. One farmer to whom I propounded the question, gave me an elaborate statement of his experience in growing wheat. He has 100 acres that he divides thus: Fifteen acres of hay, five acres of oats, five acres of corn and potatoes; thirty acres of fallow and pasture, five acres of buildings, fences and roads, all of which have to be used on the farm in producing wheat on the remaining thirty acres. From this thirty acres of wheat he gets twenty bushels an acre, making, at $2 a bushel, $1,200; and added to this he sells $150 of wool. The butter, eggs, &c., are given to his wife for spending money (a right from time immemorial all good wives claim,) while the pork and beef that is sold is used up in buying fresh meats and fish; so that all of his income is wheat and wool, amounting to $1,350, which he calls Cr. Now for the Dr. to $250 store bill, $200 hired man, $50 farrier and blacksmith, $100 taxes, $50 hired girl, $46 threshing, $30 extra days' work, $60 extra harvest help, $100, &c., &c.—making $986. To this he added interest on farm, $700; on tools, $140; labor of self and wife, $300—making a grand total $2,027 necessary to get his income of $1,350, which subtracted leaves a balance of $776, on which accumulated fund most farmers would be obliged to retire to the poorhouse in a very few years.

This is a favorite mode of answering such questions with many farmers, but it will be seen at once that the reasoning is not just; for the farm is his capital, and the interest is what he reaps from the product of his labor. He also from this gets his food, if not his raiment, while himself and wife are as necessary to look after his household and interest of his $40,000 bonds and mortgages as they are to oversee the household and interest of his farm, so that these items are to be subtracted, leaving his expenses $886, against an income of $1,350, leaving a balance in his favor of $464, an accumulated fund, with its interest, on which he might retire to a mansion, without being a burthen to the county or his children, leave his farm and confier it on younger and more ambitious hands. By this it will be seen that it cost that farmer about $30 to raise an acre of wheat—which was not very economic farming—for, after a conversation with a dozen or more farmers, I find the following table to be the average of their estimate of crops for the last five years:

	Per Acre	Price per Acre	Amount Cost of Labor	Profit.
Wheat....20	bu	$2.00 bu $40,00	$12,00	$27.50
Barley....25	"	1,12 " 28.00	7,50	20,50
Oats.....40	"	50 " 20,00	8,50	11,50
Potatoes.75	"	75 " 52,55	25,00	31,25
Peas 17½	"	1,00 " 17,50	8,50	9,00
Corn.....40	"	1 00 " 40 00	15,00	25,00
Beans.....17½	"	2,50 " 43.75	18,60	24.45

EVERY year the statistics of Ohio show a loss to the farmers of one hundred thousand dollars and upward from dogs. The number of sheep slaughtered by these domestic darlings was over thirty-four thousand last year, and nearly twenty thousand were worried by them so that their value was injured. This loss does not reach the aggregate of some previous years, but it is enough. The extent of the infatuation for dogs is shown by the statistics. There are over one hundred and seventy-six thousand of them in the State, and the cost of their keeping, and from the mischief they do, cannot be less than a million of dollars. The only return for this expense is the chance that they will bite sheep, or, running mad, bite their owners. It does not strike us that dogs are a profitable investment.—*Exchange.*

TENNESSEE.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, Tenn., January 31, 1869.

I wish to give you facts which have come under my own observation relating to the "situation" in this region of our country.

SUFFRAGE.

The disfranchised, so far as I have learned, are in favor of universal suffrage; but I fear the black man is not sufficiently educated to combat their old enemy at the polls; indeed I have heard it intimated that as soon as these secure the ballot it is their intention to establish a law of "enforced apprenticeship," which would only be another name for slavery. For four years they despised the Union ballot. It will take fully eight years for them to learn how sacred a privilege the ballot is.

EDUCATION.

The blacks are all wanting to learn. A vast body of them are learning. I have been in these schools and witnessed just as good scholarship as one will see in any common school in the North. You will see boys of full-blooded African descent, with odd looking heads, performing difficult problems on the black board with all the grace and ease of a Yankee boy. Take all the children, black and white, and it is my opinion there are very many more colored children attending school than white children.

INDUSTRY.

It has been said very generally by the whites down here that the negro is lazy and will not work—I think it likely when they first came out of slavery such was the fact, but that is not the case now. The large and valuable yield of cotton, corn, wheat, potatoes, etc., attest their industry, indeed the black man is the only outdoor field laborer, as a rule, in the South, and certainly when their mental culture is brought up to that of their physical, they must become a strong and valuable element in our country.

TEMPERANCE.

It is said by the whites here that the negro is drunken and debauched. That there are such, I do not deny, but that such instances are numerous, or as frequent as among whites, I deny. You will but very rarely see a black man drunk even in such a place as this, where they are so numerous.

ECONOMY.

It is said the black man spends his money foolishly. Doubtless that is true. They have not become as economical as they should, and yet their Savings Bank shows that they are not only saving a large sum, but that their savings are augmenting rapidly. They have not much incentive to save money. Their great want, wish and ambition is to have land, and that their old masters will not let them have. They will never rent or sell their land. Their whole idea is to keep them in the most servile situation on their own, and yet the negro the last year undertook the sale of their own half of the cotton raised on the shares instead of giving the sale of it to the master, and the result is that the negro has as much money as the master, and it is my opinion they will save more of it than the master did under the slave rule.

KU-KLUX.

The rebels bitterly denounce Brownlow's Militia Order; but if you should see these disguised assassins enter your car and take off by force, one or more passengers that are never heard of again and fix those horrible eyes upon you, you would feel like thanking Brownlow for the militia. It would fill many sheets to detail the atrocities perpetrated by these "Klans." If there was no freedom of speech before the war here, neither is there now, it is dangerous to speak your mind—you must keep quiet. I have listened to their talk in hotels—I have heard them curse the Radicals—and add "d—n them, if we can't get at them in daylight, it is certain we can go for them in the dark."

THE MILITIA OF ARKANSAS.

It is generally reported by the rebel sheets that the militia of Arkansas are perpetrating the greatest crimes and outrages. I see persons occasionally from Arkansas, and learn from them there are no such disturbances—only that they are putting a stop to the K. K. K.

I will write you again from this region.

"H."

The Abolition of Spanish Slavery.

A special dispatch from Madrid, February 5th, to the New York *Tribune*, says: As the time for the meeting of the Constituent Cortes—the 11th of February—is near at hand, the Provisional Government are busy completing the draft of a new Constitution, which they will recommend to the Cortes for adoption. Little is as yet known of the articles of their draft, but the Abolitionists, who embrace men of all political parties, have at length succeeded in obtaining from the Government the official assurance that their draft will contain a clause prohibiting Slavery in all the Spanish possessions. The best method of freeing the slaves is to be left altogether to the decision of the Cortes. As it is known that the Liberal Unionists, the Progressists, and the Republicans are generally in favor of the immediate abolition of Slavery, and that even some of the Absolutists favor such a measure, it is expected that the Constituent Cortes will adopt this article of the new Constitution by an overwhelming majority.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

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This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:p28

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja19

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4 Acres and House in East Liberty.
8 Acres, unimproved, on Troy Hill.
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5 Acres on Four Mile Run Road 1¼ miles from P. C. R. R.
70 Acres near P. F. W. & C. R. R.
118 Acres near Pa. R. R., Westmoreland county.
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185 Acres in Armstrong county, underlaid with coal.
108 Acres and good improvements, in Trumbull county, Ohio.
900 Acres of Timber land, with Saw Mill and dwellings.
House and Lot on Center Avenue, near Kirkpatrick.
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House and Lot in East Liberty.
House and Lot in Mansfield.
House and Lot on Carroll street, Allegheny.
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2 Houses and 4 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Houses and Lot on Franklin street.
1 House of 9 Rooms and 2 Lots on Roberts St.
Farms in Illinois, Missouri and West Virginia.
Coal Lands in Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette and Beaver counties in Penna.

TO-LET.

½ Houses of 9 Rooms in the 17th ward; rent $300
3 do. of 3 do. do. 17th do. do. 144
2 do. of 3 do. do. 12th do. do. 156
4 do. of 6 do. do. 8th do. do. 360
1 do. of 5 do. do. 8th do. do. 300
1 do. of 9 do. do. 21 do. do. 600
1 do. of 3 do. do. 6th do. do. 192
1 do. of 5 do. do. 6th do. do. 240
1 do. of 4 do. do. 17th do. do. 168
1 do. of 7 do. do. 2d do.
1 do. of 6 do. Grant street.

The Houses that I have for rent will be rented very low to good tenants for the balance of the rental year

APPLY AT

D. P. Hatch's Real Estate Office

No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh.

no7:p18

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

FOR SALE & TO LET.--Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, ja22 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

INSURANCE.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr.,	Crpt. Wm. Dean,
John D. McCord,	B. L. Fahnestock
C. G. Hussey,	W. H. Everson,
Harvey Childs,	Robert H. Davis,
T. J. Hoskinson,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays.	Capt. J. T. Stockdale.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Rhoads.
John Watt,	Samuel P. Shriver,
John E. Parks,	Charles Arbuckle,
Capt. James Miller,	Jared M. Brush,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Wm F. Lang,
James D. Verner,	Samuel McCrickart

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

STATEMENT OF THE

ARTISANS' INSURANCE CO.

From January 1, 1868 to December 31, 1868, Published in accordance with Law.

Authorized Capital	$200,000 00
Subscribed Capital	100,000 00
Paid up Capital	64,000 00

ASSETS.

Cash on Hand	7,656 07
Book Accounts for Premiums	154 94
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	71 040 06
Loans on Other Securities	12,033 33
Stock Notes	36,000 00
Office Furniture and Safe	673 00
Interest Accrued, but not Due	1,220 00
	$128 777 34
Balance, January 1, 1868	$27,458 17
Received Fire Premiums in '68	20,958 76
Received Interest in 1868	6,935 79
Received from other Sources in 1868	1,501 58
	$56 754 30
Fire losses, paid $ 7,199 00	
Return Premiums 506 58	
Commissions 503 42	
Salaries, Rent and other Expenses 4,646 33	
Taxes and Stamps 1,141 63	
Dividends 14,000 00	28,976 96
Balance	$28,777 34
Outstand'g risks, Dec. 31, '68	$1,133,576 47

LIABILITIES.

Fire losses $ 832 20	
Cargo losses—estimated 2,200 00	
Taxes to State 1,093 12	$4,125 32

J. G. COFFIN, Secretary.

ja21-d36-T.S.T

STATEMENT OF THE

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

Of the City of Allegheny,

FROM JANUARY 1, 1868, TO DEC. 31, 1868.

Published in accordance with the Act of Assembly.

Capital authorized	$200,000
Capital subscribed	100,000
Capital paid in	50,000

ASSETS:

Stock Notes	$50,000 00
Mortgages, city property	41,495 00
U. S. 5-20 Bonds	27,300 00
Cash on hand	4,064 96
Accrued interest	1,277 79
Office furniture	741 70
Total assets	$124,879 47

RECEIPTS:

Am't of premium	$22,078 75
Amount of interest	5,275 76
Total receipts	$ 27,354 51

DISBURSEMENTS:

Dividends	$ 10,000 00
Fire losses	6,258 43
Office expenses	3,380 26
Commissions	1,050 53
Premiums returned	958 49
U. S. Tax & Stamps	651 80
Re-Insurance	340 08
Total	$ 22,639 33

Ratio of losses and expenses to receipts, 47 per cent.

LIABILITIES:

Amount of outstanding risks	$1,729,264 67
Unsettled losses and sundry bills	3,151 66

JAMES E. STEVENSON, SECRETARY.

ja28-d66-TuThS

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,

No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Wm. Cooper,
Geo. R. Riddle,	Jacob Franz,	Gottlieb Faas,
Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whiston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jere. Kohen.

ap10:d36

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CASH CAPITAL PAID UP AND INVESTED FUNDS EXCEEDING $8,000,000 IN GOLD.

Insurance against Fire effected on Houses and Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, Steamboats, &c. Policies issued payable in gold or currency. 47 United States Branch Office, 40 PINE STREET, New York.

All losses of the United States Branch will be adjusted in New York.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN, Agent,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Office, 67 FOURTH STREET.

MR. McLAUGHLIN is also Agent for the Manhattan Life Insurance Company. se5:v72

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.
Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Ackley,	Phillip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	no27

INDEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., near 5TH.

DIRECTORS.

Charles W. Baucker,	Mordecai H. Lewis	
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,	
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,	
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,	
George W. Richards,	George Fales.	

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mb29:w15

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
C. C. Boyle,	Geo. W. Evans,
Robert Patrick,	J. C. Lappe,
Jacob Fuller,	J. C. Fuelner,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Ammon.
Henry Sproul,	jy4:

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, No. 89 FEDERAL STREET, entrance on Stockton Avenue.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

W. W. MARTIN, President
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. H. English	O. H. P. Williams	J. Thompson
Jno. A. Myler,	Jas. Lockhart,	Jos. Myers,
Jas. L. Graham,	Robt. Lea,	C. C. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	Geo. Gerst,	Jacob Ropp.

oc17:n34

AUCTION SALES.

BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS *FOR THE MILLION.*

AT

SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,

55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkably low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and anklet shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods warranted as represented. no24

HANDSOME CITY RESIDENCE.

Centre Avenue.

THURSDAY, February 11th, at 2½ o'clock P. M., on the premises, will be sold that very handsome residence and grounds, No. 123 Centre Avenue, between Overhill and Green streets. The mansion is a double two story brick, containing twelve spacious rooms, finished in the best manner with modern improvements. The grounds are nicely ornamented and enclosed with an iron fence, fronting on avenue 60 feet and extending back to Linton street 200 feet. Stable and Carriage House on rear of lot. The property is located on what is known as the "Moorhead Square" Society, neighborhood and advantages of schools cannot be surpassed. Parties desiring a home combining the comforts of a city and suburban residence, will find this a very attractive sale.

H. B. SMITHSON & CO.,

fe5 AUCTIONEERS.

DESIRABLE NORTH AVENUE RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.

Tuesday, February 9th,

AT 2½ O'CLOCK P. M.

On the premises, will be sold to the highest bidder, that desirable residence, No. 141 North avenue, corner of Monterey street. The mansion is a double two story brick, containing 12 spacious rooms, with every modern convenience. Lot fronts 48 feet on North avenue, and extends along Monterey street 170 feet to a 20 foot alley. This property cannot be excelled for location, and should especially command the attention of those desiring first class property.

Sale positive.

H. B. SMITHSON & CO.,

fe3 AUCTIONEERS.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

ELEGANT NEW MANSION—NO. 27 CLIFF STREET. Tuesday evening, February 9th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, the elegant TWO STORY BRICK MANSION, No 27 Cliff street, third door above Grant street, entirely new and finished in finest manner; high ceilings, marble mantles wood work grained and varnished throughout, and inside shutters front. Double parlors, dining room, kitchen, wash house on first floor; with very wide hall; four rooms and bath room on second floor; large finished attic; and cellar under whole house. The whole interior arrangement is very convenient, with modern improvements; wardrobes, pantries, and closets built in rooms and halls; gas throughout; Graff, Hugus & Co.'s range, with hot and cold water in kitchen, wash house and bath room; and underground drain for all waste water. Slate roof, press brick front and portico.

The lot is 30 feet front and 150 feet in depth. Those wishing are invited to examine the premises. This situation is unsurpassed in its advantages of pure air, elegant improvements and magnificent views.

fe6 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BANK, BRIDGE AND INSURANCE STOCKS—TUESDAY EVENING, February 9th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on Second Floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street.

50 shares Bank of Pittsburgh.
15 Shares First National Bank of Birmingham.
44 Shares Lawrenceville & Sharpsburg Bridge.
50 Shares German Insurance Company.
50 Shares Monongahela " "
10 shares M. & M. " "
5 shares Pennsylvania " "
10 shares Coal Men's Trust Co.;
50 shares Southside Insurance Co.

fe6 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

BY A. LEGGATE.

LEASE OF Stores on Federal St. & Diamond, ALLEGHENY, AT AUCTION.

WILL BE SOLD, without reserve, on the premises, on TUESDAY, February 9th, at 10 o'clock, the business property on the southwest corner of Federal street and the Allegheny Diamond. The corner store has been occupied as a Clothing house, and the Diamond store as a Grocery for many years. The location is first class, being on two main thoroughfares and adjacent to the Market House. Such an opportunity to secure a number one business stand should command the especial attention of businessmen.

For terms, ground rent, and all particulars, apply on the premises, or to

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

fe3 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

GOOD HOUSE AND LOT IN ALLEGHENY AT AUCTION.—The property 31 Webster street, Allegheny, will be sold on the premises on THURSDAY, February 11, at 2 o'clock The lot is 22 feet front. The house contains parlor, dining room, kitchen, five bed-rooms, bath-room, hall, range, closets, hot and cold water, and gas. The location is pleasant, facing on the Commons, and on completion of the Park improvement, will be very much increased. This is a really good opportunity to buy finely located property at a reasonable price.

For terms, particulars, and key to inspect the premises, apply to A. LEGGATE, fe6 Auctioneer.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, the undersigned, executor of the last will of Dr. JESSE PENNEY, dec'd, will expose at PUBLIC SALE on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 11th day of FEBRUARY, A. D. 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the borough of McKeesport, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning on the southern side of Penn street in James Penney's plan of lots in said borough, at the corner of lot No. 13, thence south along the line of said lot 70 feet to an alley; thence east along said alley 80 feet to the line of Henderson's lot; thence by said line 70 feet to Penn street, and thence by said street 80 feet to the place of beginning; being a part of lot No. 12 in said plan.

For further particulars inquire of ROBERT CRAIGHEAD, Executor, Elizabeth.

Or JOHN P. PENNEY, Attorney, Pittsburgh. ja19:d28

WESTERN DISTRICT OF Pennsylvania ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 22d day of Jan., A. D. 1869. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of WILLIAM GREY, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee, ja23:d52 Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER, ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT.

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING, of all descriptions, done. oc9:v38

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON.
Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

First appearance in three years of the favorite artiste,

ETTIE HENDERSON.

TUESDAY EVENING, February 9th, 1869, will be presented H. J. Byron's great drama, which had such a successful run at Wallack's New York Theatre, entitled the

LANCASHIRE LASS.

Ruth Kirby.....Ettie Henderson.

Supported by the full strength of the Company. Grand Matinee every Saturday.

EXCELSIOR HALL, (ALLEGHENY CITY.)

THE YOUNG ZOUAVES.

These world-wonders will appear at the above Hall on

Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 8th and 9th.

Military, Music, Select Readings, Tableaux!

Doors open at 7¼; performance at 8 o'clock.

Tickets, 35 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents. Children under ten, 20 cents. To be had at the principal Book and Music Stores. fe6

SMYTHE'S AMERICAN THEATRE. (Late TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.)

Screams of laughter at Po-ca-hon-tas. Last week of Punch and Judy. Last nights of Betty Rigle. TUESDAY EVENING, February 9th, 1869, an entirely new and original programme, replete with fresh songs by Gus Williams, laughable comicalities by H. W. Eagan and the commedians. The Corps de Ballet in the original French Can-Can. Coming—Gurr, the Man Fish.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS.....Sole Lessee and Manager.
GEORGE R. EDESON.....Stage Manager.
FOR ANE WEEK ONLY.

The world renowned troupe of Gymnasts, Acrobats, Pantomimists, Vocalists, &c., THE GREGORYS. A new sensation, the Transept Flight from the Gallery to the Stage by La Petite Gregory. Friday evening benefit of Bessie Gregory. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

BURNELL'S MUSEUM AND PARLOR MENAGERIE,

The Great Family Resorte.

FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theatre.

Open Day and Evening, all the year round. Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

EXTRA COURSE.

Mrs. SCOTT SIDDONS,

Will give two dramatic readings from SHAKSPEARE, TENNYSON, SCOTT, &c., at

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

FEBRUARY 8th and 9th.

Admission to all parts of the house, $1.00, with no extra charge for Reserved Seats.

To meet the extraordinary expense of this Course, 25 cents extra will be charged on all Season Tickets.

Mrs. Siddons respectfully requests that the audience be all seated at least ten minutes before the reading commences.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock; Reading commences promptly at 8 o'clock.

Tickets can be procured at the Rooms of the Library, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

THE GRAND *CHARITY FAIR*

For the benefit of the Sick and Poor, now open in the BASEMENT OF THE CATHEDRAL.

A fine band of music will be in attendance each evening, and rare attractions will be introduced. Admission, 25 cents.

FAIR IN MANSFIELD.—A Fair for the benefit of the

New Catholic Church

in the village of Mansfield, will open on the 18th of JANUARY, and will continue for two weeks. Trains on the Panhandle road leave the Union Depot for Mansfield daily at 3:25 and 4:55 P. M., returning at 11 P. M ja12

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO, IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Braudenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted. j 2:d43

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET,

Will Remove on the 1st of April to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

PROCLAMATION.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, January 27, 1869.

In accordance with a resolution passed by the Select and Common Councils of the city of

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Mud and melting ice on the sidewalks and streets, rendered pedestrianism very disagreeable yesterday.

Committed.—Patrick McCarty, of McClure township, was committed to jail yesterday by Justice Kerr for whipping his wife.

The Funeral of Eddy Miller, the little murdered innocent, took place yesterday afternoon. The remains were interred in St. Marys Cemetery.

Allegheny Councils will hold a regular meeting on Thursday evening, February 11th, at the usual time and place. It is altogether probable that the question of the purchase of a Poor Farm will be called up at this meeting again.

Found.—A colored boy brought a pair of handsomely mounted eye glasses to the Allegheny Mayor's office on Saturday, stating that he had found them on Federal street. The owner, by proving property, can secure the glasses from Mayor Drum.

Assault and Battery.—William McFetridge, proprietor of a saloon in the Ninth ward, was charged with assault and battery before the Mayor yesterday, on oath of Jno. L. Quin. The accused was arrested and compromised the case by paying the costs.

The Liquor Business.—H. D. Taylor made informations before Alderman Lynch yesterday against C. F. Good, and Mrs. Taylor for selling liquor on Sunday. The parties have each saloons on Fifth (late Pennsylvania) avenue. Warrants were issued.

Recovering.—Miss Jane Davidson, the young lady who was so seriously injured by being thrown from a barouche, near the toll house at the head of Federal street, Allegheny, a few weeks since, is slowly improving, and will, her physician thinks, ultimately recover.

Not Mates.—Francis O'Donnell alleges that D. M. Park, a shoe dealer on Smithfield street, sold his son a pair of boots which were not mates and which he refused to exchange. Alderman Lynch issued a warrant for the arrest of Park on a charge of false pretence.

The voting by sealed ballot last night at the Charity Fair, on the cushion chair, for the most popular Aldeman, resulted as follows: Koenig, 542; McMasters, 299; Ammon, 201; Butler, 146; Moreland, 84. Koenig having received the highest number of votes was awarded the chair.

Larceny.—S. Goldman made information yesterday before the Mayor, charging Margaret McStein with the larceny of a clothes wringer. It appears that Margaret resided in the family of the prosecutor and a few days since was discharged. After she had departed a clothes wringer, valued at ten dollars, was missing. Margaret was arrested and held for a hearing,

Most Dealers and Grocers in this section of the country find it largely to their advantage to sell the famous wares of the Keystone Pottery of Messrs. S. M. Kier & Co. The articles made at that extensive and well managed establishment are equal to the best imported queensware, and are sold at much smaller prices. The office and warerooms of the company are at 363 Liberty street.

The Republicans of the Sixteenth ward on Saturday last nominated Mr. Robert Watson, Sr., as a candidate for Council, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of A. Hoevler. Mr. Watson will make a worthy and efficient delegate, and we trust there will be little opposition offered to his election, as just such men are needed in Councils. Mr. James S. Devlin is the Democratic candidate.

Severely Kicked.—Yesterday morning Jacob Rinehart, employed as a driver by John Milton, while hitching up his team on Water street, near the Point, received a severe kick in the abdomen from one of the horses, which rendered him for a time insensible. He was taken to his home in the vicinity and a physician summoned. His injuries, though quite severe, are not considered dangerous.

Aggravated Assault and Battery.—James Sims made information before the Mayor yesterday charging George Hall with aggravated assault and battery. The offense upon which the prosecution was based was committed at a ball at the Turners' Hall some time since, when, it will be remembered, a difficulty took place between the parties which terminated in Sims shooting Hall, who, it is alleged, first assaulted Sims. Hall was arrested and held for a hearing.

An Involuntary Ride.—Yesterday morning a New Foundland dog happened to be standing on a cake of ice at the Pittsburgh side of the Allegheny river, when it became disengaged from the shore and floated off with his canine majesty. The sweet music of yelps and barks and howls, which ensued, made known the situation to a number of persons on the shore, who procured a yawl and rescued the animal from his position and perhaps a watery grave.

Malicious Mischief.—Mr. W. C. Smythe, manager of the American Theatre, made information before the Mayor yesterday charging J. C. Thackeray with malicious mischief. It appears that some person or persons have of late been defacing and destroying the bills of the American Theatre, and Mr. Smythe offered a reward for the arrest of the person committing the offense, and Thackeray, it is alleged, was detected in the act by a police officer. He was arrested and held for a hearing.

Officers Installed.—Lukens Lodge, No. 381, I. O. of G. T., of McKeesport, have elected and installed the following officers for the ensuing term of three months: W. C. T., Thos. H. Evans; W. V. T., Miss Lou Cogan; P.W. C. T., Wm. H. Gould; W. C., Rev. Mr. M'Cleery; W. R. H. S., John Baker; W. L. H. S., Miss Maggie Watters; W. S., Edward L. Haney; W. A. S., Miss Maggie Kearns; W. F. S., Wm. H. Penney; W. T., James E. Patterson; W. M., Frank Morrison; W. D. M., Miss Emma Lowe; W. I. G., Samuel Woods; W. O. G., Elmer Sinclair.

Sudden Death.

Yesterday morning about eleven o'clock, an employe at Messrs. Jackson & Frew's trunk factory, on Wood street, named Samuel Torbett, was taken suddenly ill and expired in about half an hour. Dr. Floyd, of Sixth avenue, who was called in, arrived too late to render any assistance, but after an examination of the body decided that the deceased had died of heart disease. He had been ill and unable to work for some time past, but yesterday felt somewhat better and endeavored to attend to his duties, with the result as stated. He resided at Wilkinsburg, and leaves a wife and several children. The body was removed to the office of W. H. Devore, undertaker, where Coroner Clawson held an inquest, at the conclusion of which a verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts as stated.

THE COURTS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

MONDAY, Feb. 8.—United States vs. Orlando Reese, Louis Meyer, Frederick Weiss and Patrick Newell, implicated with James Mack. Action on an oil bond for the recovery of the penalty. Jury out.

In consequence of the absence of District Attorney Carnahan from Court, on account of sickness in his family, cases in which the government was a party could not be taken up, and there being no other cases ready, Court adjourned.

In the case of the Cherry Run Oil Creek and Allegheny Petroleum Companies vs. John Brittenhart, *et al.* a motion to open judgment and allow defendants to file an affidavit of defense, was argued by G. W. De Camp, for defendants, and and Col. A. Blakely, for the contrary. C. A. V.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

MONDAY, February 8.—Court met at 10 o'clock A. M., and there being no cases ready for trial, adjourned.

The following is the trial list for to-day:
No. 161. Miller vs. McCoy.
No. 142. Ardesco Oil Co. vs. Fleming & Co.
No. 62. Burbridge & Co. vs. McDevitt.
No. 87. Rees vs. Morrow.
No. 166. Black vs. Chorpening, et al.
No. 99. Johnson's Executors vs. Henrich.
No, 92. Arthurs vs. Penna. R. R. Co.
No. 134. Wagner vs. Jones & Laughlin.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

MONDAY, February 8.—In the case of Park & Fry vs. Beulenfeldt. Action on a mechanics lien, previously reported, the jury found for plaintiffs in the sum of $260 72.

Lowrey's Administrators vs. W. J. Miller; action on book account. On trial.

Following is the trial list for Monday:
62. Connelly vs. Hays.
63. O'Hara vs. Boyd & Son.
64. Eaton vs. Millstine.
65. Derby vs. same.
66. Morgan, Evans & Co. vs. Superior Iron Works.
70. McLain vs. Negley.
75. Natter vs. Ackerman.
76. Wible & Co. vs. Rice.

Firemen's Association—Regular Quarterly Meeting.

A regular quarterly meeting of the Pittsburgh Firemen's Association was held in the hall of the Association, last evening, President Cupples in the Chair.

Members present: Reese, Sims, Tatnell, Colville, Johnson, Irwin, Cupples, McKee, Tibby, Neeper, Torley, Swint, Hamill, Steel, Keating, Ward and Wilson.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The Secretary, Mr. Neeper, read the report of Chief Engineer John H. Hare, from which we make the following extracts:

During the quarter there have been 35 fires and 2 false alarms.

The report closes as follows:

In conclusion I desire to return my thanks to the Fire Department for the efficient manner in which they discharged their duties; also to the Rescue Hook and Ladder company, they responding to all alarms and doing efficient duty, although receiving no appropriation from the city for their services. They have at all times obeyed all commands given by me. JOHN H. HARE, Chief Engineer.

The credentials of Mr. S. T. Paisley, delegate elect from the Independence, vice William Ford, were read and received and the delegate invited to a seat in the Association.

The credentials of Gen. A. L. Pearson, S. W. Reynolds, and J. V. Hammer, delegates elect from the Lawrence Fire company, were read and received.

Mr. Tibby, from the Special Committee appointed to revise the Constitution, submitted a lengthy document as a report of that Committee, which was not entertained, it not being signed by the Committee.

Chief Engineer Hare submitted a special report dividing the city into three districts for the better regulation of the fire department. Alarms from the first district to be answered by the Neptune, Duquesne and Relief; second, Eagle, Vigilant and Allegheny; third, Niagara, Independence and Lawrence. And it further provides that any company going to a fire out of its district shall be subject to a fine of $50, to be retained from the appropriation by Councils.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Colville moved that the delegates from the Lawrence Fire Company and Rescue Hook and Ladder Company be admitted to the Association.

The Chairman ruled the motion out of order.

Mr. Torley appealed from the decision of the Chair.

The Chair was sustained by a vote of nine to seven.

Mr. Tibby submitted an amendment to the Constitution, whereby other companies than those of which it is now composed may be admitted to the Association.

On motion of Mr. Colville, the delegates elected from the Lawrence Hose Company and Rescue Hook and Ladder Company were admitted to seats in the Association.

Mr. Colville submitted a resolution authorizing Councils to take some action whereby a paid Fire Department shall be established in this city.

Mr. Reese moved to lay the motion on the table.

In order that the matter might be discussed, the motion to lay on the table was withdrawn.

The delegates from the Eagle and Relief reported their companies as opposed to a paid department.

The Independence, Niagara, Neptune and Duquesne reported in favor of a paid department.

After considerable discussion, a motion was made to lay the resolution on the table, and the yeas and nays being called, the motion was lost by a vote of seven yeas to nine nays.

Mr. Colville moved the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Tibby moved as an amendment that the resolution be referred to the companies.

Mr. Colville moved to lay the amendment on the table.

The motion was adopted.

The question then recurring on the original resolution, it was adopted.

The bill of Jas. M'Gaffin, Messenger, for $6.50 was presented and ordered to be paid.

On motion, the Association adjourned to meet the second Monday of March.

Street Fighting.

A couple of youths, in consequence of a two free use of some stimulating beverage, on Sunday evening, got into a quarrel near the car stables of the Manchester Passenger Railway and succeeded in collecting quite a crowd around the scene of their operations. Unfortunately a couple of policemen were also attracted to the spot, by whom the pugilists were arrested and conveyed to the lock-up. Yesterday morning Mayor Drum fined the pair ten dollars each, which they paid over willingly, apparently glad to get off so easily.

AMUSEMENTS.

MRS. SIDDONS AT THE ACADEMY.

Last evening, at the Academy of Music, the spontaneous voice of an audience, which comprehended nearly all that is intellectual and highly cultured among the populations of these cities, awarded to Mrs. Scott-Siddons' reading for the Young Mens' Library Association, the very highest tribute of its appreciative admiration.

We are told that this lady has won splendid triumphs upon the stage to which her artistic gifts have been devoted: by such of our readers as may have listened to her last evening's presentation of a remarkably well-chosen programme for recitations, this will be more than believed. For the woman who, without the advantitious aids of the dramatic stage, its costumes, scenery, music, varied actions and numerous *personnel*, could stand before a critical audience—dressed as she was for the drawing-room, and relying upon no other help than the gifts given to her of her birth-right—and could bring the hearts of so many hundreds of men and women captive to the power of her genius, is infinitely beyond the mere actress, no matter how accomplished. She reigned in the empire of heart and brain with the far loftier royalty which is imparted only to the purest and the best.

We forbear any extended or minute criticism of these readings. Whether in the higher walks of comedy or in the sublime depths of tragic expression, Mrs. Scott-Siddons exhibited last evening a delicacy of perception, a breadth of comprehension, a capacity for emotion, a flexibility of temperament, and a touchingly sympathetic heart—all these united with a charming presence and a thoroughly tutored control of voice and gesture—which gained for her the first place among readers before any American audience. Whether in the coquetry of Rosalind, the maidenly coyness of Henry Vth's French bride, or in the horrors of the night-walking Lady Macbeth, or the exquisitely mournful accents of the girlish Queen of May fading away at the new year and in March only a bride for the grave, Mrs. Siddons exhibited a versatility of genius and a power over the sensibilities which we have never before seen matched. A hundred judgments compared her to Fanny Kemble, and all agreed that Mrs. Kemble, as she had been in her earliest and best days, was fairly eclipsed.

The gems of the evening—if we may venture upon an invidious distinction, where everything was of the highest order of merit,—were the renderings from Macbeth and the May Queen. The one fixed all the laws of the heart, while the other went straight home to the tenderest sensibilities of the coldest natures. In truth, there were scores in that house who saw, each for themselves, that dying girl unlock the gates which for many a year had sealed the tomb of dead and buried sorrows of their own, and made it almost a profanity to scan the audience for the palpable revelations which disclosed how many of those listeners had themselves been acquainted with a kindred grief.

We bespeak for the readings to-night a crowded house, and this not because we would compliment the reader, nor even because we wish well to the treasury of the Association, but rather because we would not have one among our friends to lose an entertainment, which seen will be appreciated and held to be incomparably superior to anything of its kind ever before witnessed in our city.

OPERA HOUSE.—The appearance of Ettie Henderson at the Opera House last night was hailed with pleasure by the lovers of the legitimate drama, many of whom were tired of the long run of burlesque with which we have been favored. There was a large and select audience present to greet the favorite on her return to the profession to which she was an ornament. She appeared last evening in the "Lancashire Lass," in the *role* of Ruth Kirby. The piece is a beautiful English drama, partaking just enough of the sensational to render it highly interesting. The cast was a most admirable one throughout, and the audience was highly pleased with the entertainment. The piece will be repeated to-night.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The Gregory combination troupe, which a few weeks since played a very successful engagement in this city, have returned, and are now holding forth at the Pittsburgh Theatre. They opened last night to a full house, and will doubtless continue to draw full houses during the short time they will be here. Their engagement is for one week only.

THE AMERICAN THEATRE.—Manager Smythe continues to provide excellent entertainments for the patrons of the American Theatre, late Trimble's Varieties, of which establishment he is manager. Miss Taylor, in "Pocahontas," made a decided hit last night, and received the applause of the entire audience. The company at this establishment is an excellent one, and the entertainments are good.

THE GRAND CHARITY FAIR which has been so successfully and creditably conducted during the past two weeks in the basement of St. Pauls Cathedral, will be brought to a close this evening, to-morrow being Ash Wednesday, when the season of lent forbids such festivities. The various articles will be raffled and sold at auction, while the contests will be closed by sealed ballots. We earnestly urge our readers to attend the Fair on this its final evening.

THE YOUNG ZOUAVES.—The Young Zouaves gave an entertainment in Excelsior Hall, Allegheny, last evening, and were greeted with quite a large audience, which is an evidence that their performances are beginning to be appreciated. They will repeat the entertainment this evening at the same place, and will have another good turnout if the enthusiasm exhibited last evening is an example of what is to follow. We commend this establishment to our readers, and hope that during the continuance of their stay in our midst the little fellows will not have cause to complain for want of patronage.

A Mystery.

One of the greatest mysteries of the age is the workings of the New England Jewelry Company. The fact is generally known that it has been conducting business on the one price system for a number of years, and apparently with great success, and to the general satisfaction of its patrons. It is well known that for twenty-five cents any article in their establishment is sold, many of which cannot be purchased at other houses for twenty-five dollars; yet how they can afford to do business in this manner is a mystery which we do not explain. Messrs. J. R. Kennedy & Co., general agents of the company, who are well known business men of this city, propose to open out the store on the one price system this morning, and our readers will discover, by visiting the establishment, at 85 Smithfield street, a splendid stock of jewelry, silverware, albums, &c., in fact every description of fancy goods, which will be disposed of on the one price system of twenty-five cents for any article in the store. The business is fairly conducted and the purchaser is always sure to get more than the worth of his money.

Homicide in Jamestown.

A rumor was current at the Union Depot yesterday that a murder had been committed in Jamestown, Mercer county, about one o'clock on Sunday morning, under the following circumstances: Martin Moon, a silk peddler, and several companions, accompanied by the wife of one of the parties, left this city on Saturday morning, arriving at Jamestown the same evening. They put up at a hotel, and after supper the men went out to a drinking saloon, where they remained until a late hour drinking, playing cards, &c. The woman, who had been left alone at the hotel, after waiting some time for her husband to return, became uneasy and started out in search of him. After a short search she found him with the rest of the party in the saloon. The entire party were intoxicated, and the woman fearing her husband might get into trouble, endeavored to persuade him to accompany her to the hotel. His companions objected to him leaving, but after considerable persuasion he was induced to go with her. His companions still protested against his leaving them and followed him and his wife with the intention of persuading him to return to the saloon. Moon it appears was acting as leader of the party, and in order to prevent the man from going with his wife took hold of his coat and insisted upon him returning to the saloon. The woman remonstrated with them for some time, but finding it of no avail, picked up a club and struck Moon over the head, killing him instantly.

Justice Troupe held an inquest on the body, but the investigation had not been concluded. The entire party were arrested and are now confined in the Mercer county jail, awaiting the result of the investigation.

Difficulty About House Rent.

Adam Berry made information yesterday before Alderman Humbert against Wm. Keller for false pretence. The information is the result of a difficulty in regard to the payment of the rent of a house, 303 Robinson street, Allegheny. Berry alleges that Keller rented him the premises at a rental of twenty dollars per month, and represented that he owned the house. One month's rent was paid in advance, and the rest was paid in a similar manner. Subsequently it appeared that Mr. A. Woodward owned the house, and had in his possession a landlord's warrant for the collection of the rent, signed by Keller, and by virtue of which he ordered a levy on the goods in the house, Keller having failed to pay him the rent according to the agreement, but, according to the allegations, being in receipt of the money from Benny and appropriating it to his own use. After a hearing in the case, Keller gave bail for trial at the next term of Court. In the meantime Berry's goods will be sold if he does not pay rent, which he does not, as he alleges, lawfully owe. The reason urged by Keller for acting as he is charged with doing, is that the person who went security for him on the landlord's warrant owes him forty dollars, which he takes this method of collecting. The case, if all the statements are true, is a peculiarly aggravated one.

Lecture in Fayetteville.

Rev. H. C. McFarland, of Noblestown, lectured before the "Fayette Literary Society," in the M. E. Church, in Fayetteville, on Friday evening, Feb. 5th, his subject being "The Three Great Properties of Man." It was truly a brilliant and charming address, and was listened to with marked attention. Mr. McFarland showed that the intellectual training of youth was very often attended to the entire neglect of the moral, and spoke of the responsibility that rested on all parents and teachers in training the "hope of the country" in the right way. At times the speaker was truly eloquent and his word painting brilliant.

We were sorry, indeed, that the audience was not as large as it should have been, but this was, perhaps, owing to the bad state of the roads and the "other places to go" on that evening.

Rev. J. J. Beacom will deliver the next lecture of the course, at the same place, on Thursday evening, Feb. 18th.

Alleged False Pretence.

William Coleman alleges that William Porter obtained a wagon on credit from him valued at one hundred and five dollars, by representing that he was employed at the Poor Farm, and had money due him from the Superintendent to the amount of two hundred dollars, which he would receive in a day or two and pay for the vehicle. Having by these statements obtained possession of the wagon, Coleman further alleges that Porter, in an hour or two afterwards, sold it to a countryman for eighty dollars, and pocketed the cash. Learning of the transaction Coleman states, he made inquiries, and discovered Porter's statements to be false, he having never worked at the Poor Farm and having no money due him from the Superintendent. Alderman McMasters issued a warrant for the arrest of Porter, who resides in East Liberty. Coleman resides in Brownstown.

Little Boy Assaulted.

W. A. Nicholson made information yesterday, before Mayor Drum, against Charles Hock for aggravated assault and battery. Hock is employed by the Steam Vault Cleaner Company, and was engaged yesterday about noon, in conjunction with some others, in cleaning out a vault in the Third ward, Allegheny, when a number of school children gathered around the place and annoyed the workmen considerably. They were driven away several times, until at last becoming tired of this mild method of getting rid of the children, the accused, it is alleged, picked up a large stone and threw it in among the crowd. The stone struck Mr. Nicholson's little boy, and, without seriously injuring him, inflicted a very painful bruise, and hence the suit. The accused was arrested, but waived a hearing and gave bail for court.

The Wrong Epistle.

On Sunday evening an Allegheny clergyman while passing the postoffice on his way to church, bethought him of an important letter which he wished to mail. Putting his hands in his pocket he drew forth as he supposed the epistle and dropped it into the receiving box. Imagine his astonishment and trepidation when just on the threshold of the house of worship he discovered that, not the letter but his manuscript sermon for that evening had been mailed. Hurrying quickly back to the office he was fortunate enough to meet Postmaster McElvy, who righted matters at once and relieved him of a load of anxiety. Moral—Clergymen may sometimes err.

Good Dwelling on Lacock Street, Allegheny.—A Leggate, Auctioneer, advertises that he will sell on Friday next that good dwelling house and adjacent vacant property on the corner of Lacock and Goodrich streets, Fourth ward, Allegheny. The house is a substantial and fine looking brick of seven rooms, with bath, gas, &c., &c. We advise an inspection of the premises.

Splendid Time-Piece.

The Pittsburgh *Chronicle* last evening took occasion to furnish the following graceful notice of a new time piece just secured by the Connellsville Railroad company:

Messrs. J. R. Reed & Co., No. 68 Fifth street, have just received one of those very fine Railroad Regulators from Howard & Co., the celebrated watch and clock manufacturers, of Boston. The works are finished in exquisite style, and with as much care and precision as the finest watch. The pendulum is mercurial, with four columns of sufficient length to compensate for the expansion or contraction of the rod by heat or cold. The accuracy with which the works are adjusted may be conjectured from the fact that a one and a half pound weight is all that is required to drive the wheels and to swing the pendulum, which is of about thirty-five pounds weight. The Regulator will be put up in the office of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Co., and the trains on the road will be run by it. In operating a railroad, reliable time is indispensable, and President Hughart gives evidence of his appreciation of this fact by securing one of the finest clocks made in this or any other country. In this connection we may remark that our neighbors, Messrs. J. R. Reed & Co., have, for more than twelve years past, made *fine time* a specialty, and at considerable expense erected a transit instrument in order that they might take it correctly, even to the smallest fraction of a second. They have succeeded in establishing a reputation for standard time, and have in their store one of the finest regulators which can be purchased. This firm are reaping the reward of their efforts, as they are recognized as the regulators of the time for the city authorities, the various railroads, and our citizens generally. Their standing is further evinced by the fact that they are entrusted with the furnishing of regulators for so many public places, as well as fine presentation watches.

Felonious Assault and Battery.

David C. Morris made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging Elijah Hall with felonious assault and battery. Hall is proprietor of a drinking house on Smithfield street, where, it appears, Morris went on Saturday evening. He had been in the house but a few moments when a quarrel ensued between he and Hall, and the latter, it is alleged, seized a bar of iron and struck Morris over the head, knocking him down and inflicting a serious wound. Hall was arrested and taken before the Mayor for a hearing, after which he was required to give bail in the sum of $500 for his appearance at Court.

Alexandre Poplins at 50c, worth 87c. BATES & BELL.

House on Webster street Commons at Auction.

The property, No. 31 Webster street, Allegheny, is to be sold on Thursday next at two o'clock. It is a good three story brick dwelling of nine rooms, in good condition, papered and painted throughout. It is a comfortable dwelling, in a very fine location, which will be much enhanced on the completion of the Park improvement. Immediate possession will be given. For the key to inspect the premises apply to the Auctioneer, Mr. A. Leggate, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

Colored Alpacas at 50c., cheap at 75c. BATES & BELL.

Many Years ago the writer of this notice and an invalid physician, while visiting the Island of St. Croix for their health, experienced and witnessed many surprising and beneficial effects of the rum there produced upon many of the invalids who were, like ourselves, seeking health, and upon inquiry and investigation, obtained a full history of its medicinal virtues. He was delighted and surprised, and determined to make it the basis of a *Tonic and Restorative Medicine*. The result of his labors was a glorious success for himself and suffering humanity. The celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS was thus made known to the world. Being an article of real merit, founded on new principles, and relying wholly upon the vegetable kingdom for its medicinal effects, it worked a rapid revolution in the treatment of physical debility.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Ladies Underwear, to which we invite the special attention of the ladies. BATES & BELL.

A good Hoop Skirt for 50c. BATES & BELL.

A Specific for Throat Diseases.—My communication with the world is very much enlarged by the *Lozenge* which I now carry always in my pocket; that trouble in my throat (for which the 'Troches' are specific) having made me often a mere whisperer. N. P. WILLIS.

For a Cough, Cold, an Irritation or Soreness in the Throat, "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" will often give instant relief.

French Corsets at $1.00. BATES & BELL.

If you want to buy a Home get the *Pittsburgh Real Estate Register*. It is given away *gratis*, or sent *free* to any address. Croft & Phillips, Publishers, Real Estate Agents and Brokers, No. 139 Fourth avenue. 2w

Blankets closing out cheap. BATES & BELL.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Remnants of Cloaking Cloths cheap. BATES & BELL.

Superior Spiced Jumbles, manufactured by MARVIN, No. 91 Liberty street. For sale by all grocers. 27:2w.

Striped Dimities. BATES & BELL.

Superior Spiced Jumbles, manufactured by MARVIN, No. 91 Liberty street. For sale by all grocers. 27:2w.

Honey Comb Quilts. BATES & BELL.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Marseilles Quilts, very cheap. BATES & BELL.

Burnett's Cocaine Water is put up in a neat and elegant style, and wins for itself a favorite place on the dressing table.

Linen Sheetings, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4. BATES & BELL.

Superior Spiced Jumbles, manufactured by MARVIN, No. 91 Liberty street. For sale by all grocers. 27:2w.

Shawls, winter stock closing out cheap. BATES & BELL.

Superior Spiced Jumbles, manufactured by MARVIN, No 91 Liberty street. For sale by all grocers. 27:2w.

Silks for evening dresses. BATES & BELL.

American Silk, new make, equal to any imported, and much cheaper. BATES & BELL.

Nottingham Lace for curtains, a new assortment. BATES & BELL.

Vestibule Lace. BATES & BELL.

Shirt Fronts, plain and embroidered. BATES & BELL.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, February 8.—Cotton weaker and lower, with middlings at 29c; sales 1,300 bales; receipts since Saturday 5,540; exports 1,700. Gold 136. Exchange—Sterling 147½; Commercial 146a146½; New York Sight ¾ discount. Sugar firm, at 10¼a10½c for common, 12¾c for prime, and 14¼a14¾c for yellow clarified. Molasses active at 65a65¼c for fair, and 68a70c for prime. Flour; low grades scarce and higher at $7 for superfine, $7,62 for double extra, and $7,75a7,80 for treble extra. Corn quiet and firm at 76c. Oats firm at 75c. Bran $1,20. Hay $23,50; choice $25. Pork in fair demand; sales at $35,50. Bacon firm at 15¾c for shoulders, 18¾c for clear rib sides, and 19c for clear sides. Lard firm at 21c in tierces, and 22¾a23c in kegs. Whisky firm, with western rectified at $1a1,10. Coffee firm, with fair at 15c. and prime at 16¼a17½c.

CHICAGO, February 8.—In the afternoon Wheat was in moderate demand, No. 2 spring selling at $1,16a1,16¼, the market closing with sellers at the outside quotations. Corn and Oats were inactive and nominal, and there was nothing whatever done in grain in the Corn Exchange. Provisions are active and considerably higher, with sales of 1,000 barrels Mess Pork at Alexandria, Missouri, at $33,25, buyer to March 10; 300,000 pounds of short rib, at Eddyville, Iowa, at 16c, buyer to February; 500 barrels mess Pork, buyer to February, at $33; 500 barrels buyer to March, at $34; 200 barrels at $33, cash; 300 barrels at $33,25, cash, and 300,000 pounds dry salted shoulders at Quincy, buyer to February, at 13¼c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—Flour is dull and unchanged. Wheat is quiet and in good shipping request at $1,70a1,80. Legal Tenders, 74½.

DIED:

CARR—In Philadelphia, on Friday morning, February 5th, SOPHIA R., wife of Capt. Overton Carr, U. S. N., and daughter of the late Hon. William Wilkins, of this city.

Funeral on TUESDAY MORNING, February 9th, at 10½ o'clock, from Trinity Church, Sixth avenue.

SORRELL—Monday afternoon, February 8th, PARKER SORRELL, in the 84th year of his age.

This aged and respected citizen died as he lived: a christian in word and work. Peace to his memory.

Funeral on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 34 First street, Allegheny. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. Dana Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Offices on at all hours, day and night.

ROBT. T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Metal Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $25 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Both Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals at $4

GENUINE GLYCERINE TOILET SOAP,

Manufactured by PETER SQUIRE, 227 Oxford street, London.

This Soap has been, by a peculiar process, freed from the excess of alkali almost invariably found even in the purest soaps, and at the same time it is made to take up a large quantity of Glycerine (40 per cent.) It is to this latter substance that it chiefly owes its soothing quality—softening the skin, preserving the complexion, preventing chapping and the unpleasant roughness experienced in cold weather. It is found most useful in alleviating the irritation produced by dryness of the skin.

On account of its great purity it recommends itself to all persons that suffer from the use of common soaps; for delicate skins it is the only soap that can be tolerated. It is particularly useful for cleansing diseased skins where the irritation produced by ordinary soaps causes so much inconvenience.

It is the most agreeable shaving soap that can be used, leaving the face soft and comfortable.

The soaps usually sold as Glycerine Soaps contain little or no Glycerine. It is only necessary to apply the tongue to the surface, and the genuine will be distinguished from the spurious by the sweet taste. AGENT,

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Corner Smithfield Street and Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

fe9:TTS

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Cor. of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

Has now in stock one of the largest and most varied assortments of

Fall and Winter Goods

ever brought to this city. His stock embraces all the latest French and English manufactures of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND OVERCOATINGS.

Also, a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

FOR A STYLISH OVERCOAT,
FOR A STYLISH DRESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH BUSINESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH WALKING COAT,
FOR A STYLISH PAIR OF PANTS,
FOR A STYLISH VEST OF ALL KINDS,

For all the latest styles cut clothes, made of the best material, and by first-class workmen, and at prices surprisingly low, go to the well known Merchant Tailor,

W. HESPENHEID.

NO. 50 ST. CLAIR STREET, now Sixth.

no18

THOS. F. DALE, M. D.....R. S. SUTTON, M. D.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATED themselves together for the

PRACTICE OF MEDICINE.

Office, No. 19 STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny City. THOS. F. DALE, M. D.,
no13-al3 R. S. SUTTON, M. D.